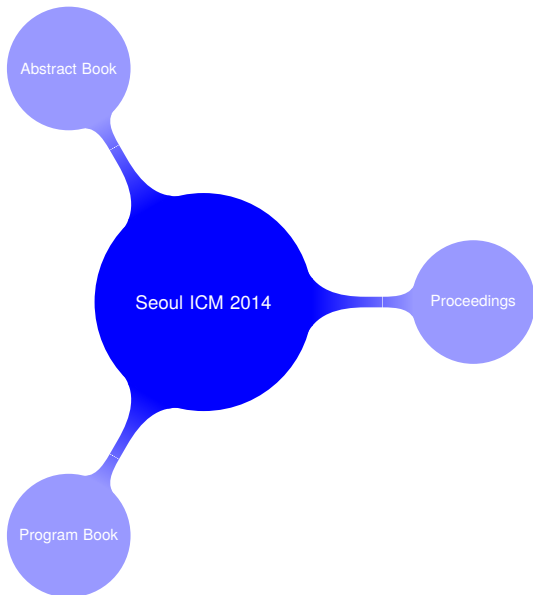


# TeX으로 초록집과 프로그램북 만들기

서강대학교 수학과  
권현우

2015 한국텍학회 정기총회 및 KTUG 컨퍼런스





- 최근 4년간 일어났던 중요한 수학적 업적들을 평가 및 시상하며, 다양한 수학분야에 관한 토론 및 강연들이 열리는 전 세계 수학자들의 축제
- 약 5000명의 수학자가 참석한 학회.
- 2014년 8월 13일부터 21일까지 서울 COEX에서 개최되었다.

- ICM 기초연설자, 초청강연자, Short Communication, Poster Session까지 총 1376개 초록과 약 179개의 논문.

- ICM 기초연설자, 초청강연자, Short Communication, Poster Session까지 총 1376개 초록과 약 179개의 논문.
- 작업을 해야 하는 총 페이지수가 약 6000페이지

- ICM 기초연설자, 초청강연자, Short Communication, Poster Session까지 총 1376개 초록과 약 179개의 논문.
- 작업을 해야 하는 총 페이지수가 약 6000페이지
- 6000페이지를 5개월간 오류를 최소화할 수 있는 출판을 해야 하는 상황 (개최는 8월인데, 연락이 온게 3월 24일쯤)

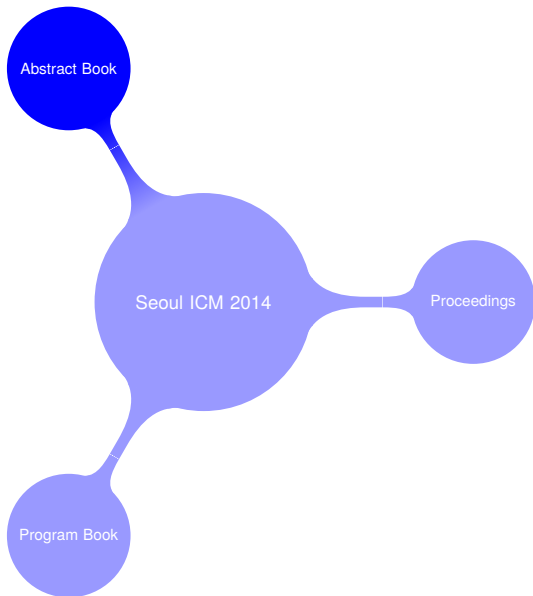
- ICM 기초연설자, 초청강연자, Short Communication, Poster Session까지 총 1376개 초록과 약 179개의 논문.
- 작업을 해야 하는 총 페이지수가 약 6000페이지
- 6000페이지를 5개월간 오류를 최소화할 수 있는 출판을 해야 하는 상황 (개최는 8월인데, 연락이 온게 3월 24일쯤)
- 분야의 특성상... 수식이 많이 사용되는 자료

- ICM 기초연설자, 초청강연자, Short Communication, Poster Session까지 총 1376개 초록과 약 179개의 논문.
- 작업을 해야 하는 총 페이지수가 약 6000페이지
- 6000페이지를 5개월간 오류를 최소화할 수 있는 출판을 해야 하는 상황 (개최는 8월인데, 연락이 온게 3월 24일쯤)
- 분야의 특성상... 수식이 많이 사용되는 자료
- 수학계에서는 비교적 통일된 기준으로 자료를 가공할 수 있는 한 기준



- ICM 기초연설자, 초청강연자, Short Communication, Poster Session까지 총 1376개 초록과 약 179개의 논문.
- 작업을 해야 하는 총 페이지수가 약 6000페이지
- 6000페이지를 5개월간 오류를 최소화할 수 있는 출판을 해야 하는 상황 (개최는 8월인데, 연락이 온게 3월 24일쯤)
- 분야의 특성상... 수식이 많이 사용되는 자료
- 수학계에서는 비교적 통일된 기준으로 자료를 가공할 수 있는 한 기준

이 모든 상황을 비교적 원만하게 해결할 수 있는 조판시스템은 T<sub>E</sub>X뿐이다.



ICM Seoul 2014 Abstract Book (작업기간: 5월 29일 – 8월 11일)

ICM Seoul 2014 Abstract Book (작업기간: 5월 29일 – 8월 11일)

## Definition (초록집)

초록이란 필요한 부분만을 뽑아서 적음. 또는 그런 기록을 말한다. 초록집은 초록들을 모은 책자다.

ICM Seoul 2014 Abstract Book (작업기간: 5월 29일 – 8월 11일)

## Definition (초록집)

초록이란 필요한 부분만을 뽑아서 적음. 또는 그런 기록을 말한다. 초록집은 초록들을 모은 책자다.

그럼 필요한 부분이 무엇인가?

ICM Seoul 2014 Abstract Book (작업기간: 5월 29일 – 8월 11일)

## Definition (초록집)

초록이란 필요한 부분만을 뽑아서 적음. 또는 그런 기록을 말한다. 초록집은 초록들을 모은 책자다.

그럼 필요한 부분이 무엇인가?

- 이름, 소속, 메일주소
- 발표분야 MSC, 키워드, 발표의 초록
- 누가 발표자인가? 누가 교신저자인가?

- 1 당시에 초록 입력시스템이 만들어진 때에 KTUG 관련자가 없던 상태.  
MathJaX로 충분하다고 생각했기 때문에 T<sub>E</sub>X파일 제출보다  
온라인상에서 입력을 하도록 했다 함.

- 1 당시에 초록 입력시스템이 만들어진 때에 KTUG 관련자가 없던 상태.  
MathJaX로 충분하다고 생각했기 때문에 T<sub>E</sub>X파일 제출보다  
온라인상에서 입력을 하도록 했다 함.
- 2 많은 사람들이 예상하던대로 T<sub>E</sub>X코드를 입력하기보다 PDF로  
드래그해서 입력하는 사태가 벌어짐.



- 1 당시에 초록 입력시스템이 만들어진 때에 KTUG 관련자가 없던 상태.  
MathJaX로 충분하다고 생각했기 때문에  $\text{T}_{\text{E}}\text{X}$ 파일 제출보다  
온라인상에서 입력을 하도록 했다 함.
- 2 많은 사람들이 예상하던대로  $\text{T}_{\text{E}}\text{X}$ 코드를 입력하기보다 PDF로  
드래그해서 입력하는 사태가 벌어짐.
- 3 심지어 심사조차 못할 정도로 자료를 볼 수 없을 정도였다고 함.

- 1 당시에 초록 입력시스템이 만들어진 때에 KTUG 관련자가 없던 상태. MathJaX로 충분하다고 생각했기 때문에  $\text{T}_{\text{E}}\text{X}$ 파일 제출보다 온라인상에서 입력을 하도록 했다 함.
  - 2 많은 사람들이 예상하던대로  $\text{T}_{\text{E}}\text{X}$ 코드를 입력하기보다 PDF로 드래그해서 입력하는 사태가 벌어짐.
  - 3 심지어 심사조차 못할 정도로 자료를 볼 수 없을 정도였다고 함.
- 이 부분에 대한 해결은 ChoF님이  $\text{T}_{\text{E}}\text{X}$ 으로 모두 변환. pgfkeys를 바탕으로 한 데이터를 만듦.

- 1 당시에 초록 입력시스템이 만들어진 때에 KTUG 관련자가 없던 상태. MathJaX로 충분하다고 생각했기 때문에 T<sub>E</sub>X파일 제출보다 온라인상에서 입력을 하도록 했다 함.
  - 2 많은 사람들이 예상하던대로 T<sub>E</sub>X코드를 입력하기보다 PDF로 드래그해서 입력하는 사태가 벌어짐.
  - 3 심지어 심사조차 못할 정도로 자료를 볼 수 없을 정도였다고 함.
- 이 부분에 대한 해결은 ChoF님이 T<sub>E</sub>X으로 모두 변환. pgfkeys를 바탕으로 한 데이터를 만듦.
  - 후에 rocky777님이 수식에러를 모두 수작업으로 잡아냄.

Oral ONLY

OO-02-0786

Dr. Behrooz Khosravi  
Mathematics, Amirkabir University of Technology, Iran

## Recognition of some finite groups by order and some information on their character degrees

<sup>1</sup>Behrooz Khosravi (Amirkabir University of Technology, Iran)

<sup>2</sup>Behnam Khosravi (Institute for Advanced Studies in Basic Sciences, Zanjan, Iran)

<sup>3</sup>Bahman Khosravi (Qom University of Technology, Iran)

<sup>4</sup>Zahra Momen (Amirkabir University of Technology, Iran)

Speaker: Behrooz Khosravi (khosravibbb@yahoo.com)

Ph.D/Dr from Amirkabir University of Technology, Iran in 2002 (Advisor: Ali Iranmanesh)

Corresponding: Behrooz Khosravi (khosravibbb@yahoo.com)

*Keywords:* Recognition, character degree, character degree graph, order, simple group

*2010 Mathematics Subject Classification.* 20C15, 20D05, 20D60

There are several graphs attached to the set of character degrees of a finite group that have been studied. Results on these graphs are often useful to prove results that provide structural information of the group from some property of the set of character degrees. The graph that has been most commonly studied is the character degree graph of  $G$ . The character degree graph is the graph whose vertices are the prime divisors of the character degrees of the group  $G$  and two vertices  $p$  and  $p'$  are joined by an edge if  $pp'$  divides some character degree of  $G$ . In this talk we show that if  $p$  is a prime number, then the simple group  $PSL(2, p)$  is uniquely determined by its order and its character degree graph. Also we show that if  $G$  is a simple group of order less than 6000, then  $G$  is uniquely determined by its character degree graph and its order. Also by an example we show that this result is not true for all simple groups.

```
\SetValue{p fName}{Tom}
\SetValue{p lName}{Sanders}
\SetValue{p organization}{University of Oxford}
\SetValue{p country}{United Kingdom}
\SetValue{p eEmail}{tom.sanders@maths.ox.ac.uk}
\SetValue{c fName}{Tom}
\SetValue{c lName}{Sanders}
\SetValue{c organization}{University of Oxford}
\SetValue{c country}{United Kingdom}
\SetValue{c eEmail}{tom.sanders@maths.ox.ac.uk}
\SetValue{registration}{1530}
\SetValue{payment}{Y}
\SetValue{Author fName 1}{Tom}
\SetValue{Author lName 1}{Sanders}
\SetValue{Author eEmail 1}{tom.sanders@maths.ox.ac.uk}
\SetValue{Author organization 1}{University of Oxford, United Kingdom}
\SetValue{Author fName 2}{}
\SetValue{Author lName 2}{}
\SetValue{Author eEmail 2}{}
\SetValue{Author organization 2}{}
\SetValue{Author fName 3}{}
\SetValue{Author lName 3}{}
\SetValue{Author eEmail 3}{}
\SetValue{Author organization 3}{}
\SetValue{Author fName 4}{}
\SetValue{Author lName 4}{}
\SetValue{Author eEmail 4}{}

```

1. 일정한 양식에 맞게 데이터가 입력된  $\text{T}_E\text{X}$ 파일을 불러들인다.

```
\SetValue{summary}{%  
We discuss Roth's theorem on arithmetic progressions through the lens of approximate  
groups.  
}  
\ProcessData
```

2. 일시적으로 저장된 정보를 처리하는 명령어 `\ProcessData`라 정의하자.  
`\ProcessData`는 받아들인 정보를 가공해서 일정한 형태로 만들게 해주는  
명령어로 만든다.

```
\IfEmpty{Author lName 1}\else%
  \pgfkeysgetvalue{Author lName 2}{\temp}\ifx\temp\empty%
    \noindent{\fontsize{11pt}{13pt}\selectfont\pgfkeysvalueof{Author fName 1}}
  \pgfkeysvalueof{Author lName 1}\stepcounter{authornumber}%
  \else%
    \noindent{\fontsize{11pt}{13pt}\selectfont\pgfkeysvalueof{Author fName 1}}
  \pgfkeysvalueof{Author lName
1}}\processauthor\processemailauthor\speakerprocess\corresprocess%
  \fi%
  \pgfkeysgetvalue{Author lName 2}{\temp}\ifx\temp\empty% 2번째 사람 시작
  \else%
    \pgfkeysgetvalue{Author lName 3}{\temp}\ifx\temp\empty%
      {\fontsize{11pt}{13pt}\selectfont and \pgfkeysvalueof{Author fName 2}}
    \pgfkeysvalueof{Author lName
2}}\processauthor\processemailauthor\speakerprocess\corresprocess%
  \else%
    {\fontsize{11pt}{13pt}\selectfont, \pgfkeysvalueof{Author fName 2}}
  \pgfkeysvalueof{Author lName
2}}\processauthor\processemailauthor\speakerprocess\corresprocess%
  \fi%
```

3. 중복된 정보를 최소화한다. 주소중복을 막는 알고리즘을 만든다. 발표자는 \*, 교신저자는 †로 표시하도록 한다. 이는 ifthen을 이용해서 쉽게 할 수 있다.

# Abstract Book - 원리엮보기

```
\newcounter{ourindex}%
\setcounter{ourindex}{1}
\setcounter{addressnumber}{1}%
\newcommand{\processaddress}{%
\SetValue{flag}{0}%
\setcounter{count}{1}%
%\setcounter{countt}{1}
\forloop{settingnumberr}{0}{\value{settingnumberr}<\theaddressnumber}%
{%
  \ifthenelse{\equal{\pgfkeysvalueof{Author organization \thecount}}{\pgfkeysvalueof{Author organization \theaddressnumber}}}%
  {%
    \ifthenelse{\thecount<\theaddressnumber}%
    {%
      }%
    }%
    \ifthenelse{\equal{\pgfkeysvalueof{flag}}{0}}%
    {%
      \noindent$^{\theourindex}$\pgfkeysvalueof{Author organization \theaddressnumber}\par
      \stepcounter{ourindex}%
      \SetValue{flag}{1}%
    }%
    {%
      }%
    }%
  }%
  {%
    \stepcounter{count}%
  }%
}
{%
}%
\stepcounter{addressnumber}%
}
```

3. 중복된 정보를 최소화한다. 주소중복을 막는 알고리즘을 만든다. 발표자는 \*, 교신저자는 †로 표시하도록 한다. 이는 `ifthen`을 이용해서 쉽게 할 수 있다.



```
\newcommand{\speakerprocess}{%
%% index part%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
\index{\pgfkeysvalueof{Author lName \theauthornumber}, \pgfkeysvalueof{Author fName \theauthornumber}}%
%%
\ifthenelse{\equal{\pgfkeysvalueof{Author fName \theauthornumber} \pgfkeysvalueof{Author lName \theauthornumber}}
{\pgfkeysvalueof{p fName} \pgfkeysvalueof{p lName}}}{%true
$^{*}$%
}%
}{%false
%
}%
%
}
```

3. 중복된 정보를 최소화한다. 주소중복을 막는 알고리즘을 만든다. 발표자는 \*, 교신저자는 †로 표시하도록 한다. 이는 `ifthen`을 이용해서 쉽게 할 수 있다.

SC02-12-03

## Recognition of some finite groups by order and some information on their character degrees

Behrooz Khosravi<sup>1,a\*</sup>, Behnam Khosravi<sup>2</sup>, Bahman Khosravi<sup>3</sup>, and Zahra Momen<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Amirkabir University of Technology, Iran

<sup>2</sup>Institute for Advanced Studies in Basic Sciences, Zanjan, Iran

<sup>3</sup>Qom University of Technology, Iran

<sup>a</sup>khosravibbb@yahoo.com

2010 *Mathematics Subject Classification.* 20C15, 20D05, 20D60

*Keywords.* Recognition, character degree, character degree graph, order, simple group

P18-02

## South Texas models for course redesign in mathematics

Taeil Yi<sup>1,a†</sup> and Jerzy Mogilski<sup>1,b\*</sup>

<sup>1</sup>University of Texas at Brownsville, United States of America

<sup>a</sup>taeil.yi@utb.edu

<sup>b</sup>jerzy.mogilski@utb.edu

2010 *Mathematics Subject Classification.* 97B40, 97D40, 97U50, 97U70, 97B50

*Keywords.* Course redesign, online/hybrid course, scheduled flipped classroom, open tutoring session, online office hour



## 4. Algebraic and Complex Geometry

SC04-09-03

**An elementary proof of the Ohsawa-Takegoshi extension theorem**

Kenzo Adachi  
 Nagasaki university, Japan  
 k-adachi@nagasaki-u.ac.jp

2010 *Mathematics Subject Classification.* 32A26

*Keywords.*  $L^2$  extension of holomorphic functions, pseudoconvex domains

In this talk I give an alternative proof of the Ohsawa-Takegoshi extension theorem. In order to prove the Ohsawa-Takegoshi extension theorem, Jarnicki-Pflug, whose proof is based on Siu's idea, used the result due to Hormander in 1965, which means that  $C^2(\Omega) \cap D_T$  is dense in  $D_T \cap D_g$  for the graph norm. But its proof is very difficult. Instead of using this theorem, we consider three Hilbert spaces with three different weight functions which Hormander used in his famous book in order to prove  $L^2$  estimate for solutions of the  $\bar{\partial}$ -problem in pseudoconvex domains. I prove the Ohsawa-Takegoshi extension theorem only using the elementary Hilbert space theory technique. Therefore, my proof is accessible for beginners.

SC04-10-02

**The weight filtration on the logarithmic de Rham complex**

Alexander Aleksandrov  
 Institute of Control Sciences RAS, Russian Federation  
 ag\_aleksandrov@mail.ru

2010 *Mathematics Subject Classification.* 32S65, 14B05, 14F10, 58K45

*Keywords.* Multiple residue, weight filtration, logarithmic de Rham complex, logarithmic differential forms, regular meromorphic forms

The concept of the weight filtration on the logarithmic de Rham complex for divisors with normal crossings on a complex manifold was introduced by P. Deligne (1971) in describing the mixed Hodge structure on the cohomology of the complement of a divisor. Since then, this theory has been extensively developed in many directions for various types of varieties and cohomology theories. However, almost all known generalizations are based on the reduction of the situation under consideration to the case of a divisor with normal crossings, on general theorems on resolution of singularities, and on the functoriality of the notion of the mixed Hodge structure and related constructions.

The purpose of the talk is to give a natural construction of the weight filtration on the logarithmic de Rham complex for divisors whose irreducible components are given locally by a regular sequence of holomorphic functions. Our approach is based on the theory of residues of multi-logarithmic differential forms with respect to complete intersections. In particular, this allows us to compute the mixed Hodge structure on the cohomology of the complement of divisors of certain types without resorting to the above-mentioned reduction. A general case we then analyze with the use of the residue theory of logarithmic differential forms with respect to arbitrary Cohen-Macaulay varieties.

SC04-01-02

**Uniform vector bundles on rational homogeneous spaces**Carolina Araujo<sup>1,\*</sup> and Nicolas Puignau<sup>2</sup><sup>1</sup>IMPA, Brazil<sup>2</sup>UFRJ, Brazil

\*caraujo@impa.br

2010 *Mathematics Subject Classification.* 14G60, 14M17*Keywords.* Rational homogeneous spaces, Uniform vector bundles, Splitting criteria, Minimal rational curves

Let  $X$  be a rational homogeneous space. It is well known that  $X$  can be embedded in a projective space so that it is covered by lines. A vector bundle on  $X$  is said to be uniform if its restriction to any line is the same. Given a vector bundle  $E$  on  $X$ , a point  $x \in X$ , and a line  $\ell \subset X$  through  $x$ , one can construct in a natural way a flag on the fiber of  $E$  at  $x$

$$E_{x,\ell}^1 \subset E_{x,\ell}^2 \subset \cdots \subset E_{x,\ell}^k = E_x.$$

When the vector bundle  $E$  is uniform, the dimensions  $d_i = \dim E_{x,\ell}^i$  do not depend on the choice of the line  $\ell$ . So one gets a morphism

$$s_{E,x} : H_x \rightarrow F(d_1, d_2, \dots, d_k; E_x)$$

from the space  $H_x$  of lines on  $X$  through  $x$  to the appropriate flag variety. This morphism encodes geometric properties of  $E$ . For instance, we show that the morphism  $s_{E,x}$  is constant if and only if  $E$  splits as a sum of line bundles. This result generalizes and provides a unified proof of several splitting criteria for uniform vector bundles on rational homogeneous spaces.

SC04-08-01

**Plane curves with small polar degree**Katsuki Asa<sup>1,\*</sup> and Masahiro Watarai<sup>2</sup><sup>1</sup>Saitama university, Japan<sup>2</sup>Okinawa National College of Technology, Japan

\*milnorandjarina@yahoo.co.jp

2010 *Mathematics Subject Classification.* 14H20, 14H50*Keywords.* Plane curve, Polar degree, Tjurina number

Let  $C$  be a projective plane curve defined by a reduced homogeneous polynomial  $F$  in  $\mathbb{C}[x, y, z]$ . For this  $C$ , we consider the polar map

$$\varphi_C : \mathbb{P}^2(\mathbb{C}) \longrightarrow \mathbb{P}^2(\mathbb{C}) \text{ defined by } p \longmapsto (F_x(p), F_y(p), F_z(p)).$$

We let the degree of  $\varphi_C$  the polar degree of  $C$ . The polar degree of is denoted by  $\text{Pdeg } C$ . Dolgachev showed that the curves whose polar degrees are equal to one are an irreducible conic, the union of an irreducible conic and its tangent and the union of three nonconcurrent lines. After his work, we classify the curves whose polar degrees are two, three and four.

SC04-04-01

**Smoothing of limit linear series on metrized complex of algebraic curves**Matthew Baker<sup>1</sup>, Madhusudan Madhusudan<sup>2,\*</sup>, and Luo Ye<sup>1</sup><sup>1</sup>Georgia Institute of Technology, United States of America<sup>2</sup>University of California Berkeley, United States of America

\*madhu@berkeley.edu

2010 *Mathematics Subject Classification.* 14Q05, 14T05, 14F12, 14G22, 14H55*Keywords.* Limit Linear Series of Curves, Semistable curve, Tropical Curves, Smoothing of linear series, Effective Methods for Algebraic Curves

The theory of limit linear series on curves of compact type (reducible curves whose dual graph is a tree) was introduced by Eisenbud and Harris and this notion has many application to algebraic curves. This theory has recently been generalized to objects called "metrized complexes of algebraic curves" by Amini and Baker. A metrized complex of curves is essentially a metric graph with algebraic curves plugged into the vertices of this metric graph. Eisenbud and Harris showed that any limit  $g_d^r$  on a curve of compact type can be smoothed to a  $g_d^r$  on a smooth curve. We study the question of smoothing a limit  $g_d^r$  on a metrized complex. We provide an effective characterization of a smoothable limit  $g_d^r$  on a metrized complex and the talk will include various examples demonstrating this characterization. This is work in progress with Matthew Baker and Luo Ye.

SC04-02-03

**Some results in resolution of singularities in positive characteristic**Angelica Benito<sup>1,\*</sup> and Orlando Villamayor<sup>2</sup><sup>1</sup>University of Michigan, United States of America<sup>2</sup>Universidad Autonoma de Madrid, Spain

\*abenitos@umich.edu

2010 *Mathematics Subject Classification.* 14E15*Keywords.* Singularities, positive characteristic, resolution of singularities, Rees algebras, differential operators

Resolution of singularities over fields of characteristic zero was proven in 1964 by H. Hironaka. The proof introduced by Hironaka lies deeply in the existence of hypersurfaces of maximal contact. These hypersurfaces contain the singular locus of the given variety in a very strong way. This fact allows him to reduce, after restriction to one of these hypersurfaces, to a smaller dimensional problem and to start an inductive argument.

It is known that these hypersurfaces of maximal contact don't exist in positive characteristic. In the last years, Villamayor replaces the idea of restriction (to a hypersurface of maximal contact) by considering transversal projections and elimination theory.

Here we will briefly discuss these new ideas and we will show some of the progress done following this direction using the ideas and invariants introduced in some of the papers of the authors. For example, a synthetic proof of resolution of singularities of 2-dimensional schemes, or the characterization of some cases under which one can prove resolution of singularities (e.g., the so called strong monomial case).

SC04-07-01

**Defining equations of secant varieties to Veronese reembeddings**Jarosław Buczyński<sup>1,a\*</sup>, Weronika Buczyńska<sup>1</sup>, Adam Ginyensky<sup>2</sup>, and Joseph Landsberg<sup>3</sup><sup>1</sup>Institute of Mathematics of Polish Academy of Sciences, Poland<sup>2</sup>WH Trading, United States of America<sup>3</sup>Texas A&M University, United States of America<sup>a</sup>jabu@minuw.edu.pl2010 *Mathematics Subject Classification*. 14M12, 14C05, 13H10, 14M17, 15A69*Keywords*. Secant variety, catalecticant minors, Veronese variety and Veronese reembeddings, cactus variety, smoothable zero-dimensional schemes

We fix a projective variety  $X \subset P^n$  and an integer  $r$ . We are interested in the defining equations of the  $r$ -th secant variety to the  $d$ -uple Veronese reembedding of  $X$ , and we assume  $d$  is sufficiently large. One of the interesting cases is when  $X = P^n$ . With these assumptions we prove that the  $(r+1)$ -minors of the catalecticant matrix with linear entries are sufficient to define the secant variety set-theoretically if and only if the Hilbert scheme parametrising 0-dimensional Gorenstein subschemes of  $X$  of length  $r$  is irreducible. In particular, if  $X$  is smooth and either  $\dim X$  is at most 3 or  $r$  is at most 13, then the minors are sufficient. If  $\dim X$  is at least 4 and  $r$  is sufficiently large, then the locus defined by the minors has some extra components. These results motivate introducing cactus varieties, which generalise the secant varieties, and received a lot of attention since then.

SC04-04-02

**On Strassen's additivity conjecture**Enrico Carlini  
Monash University, Australia  
enrico.carlini@monash.edu2010 *Mathematics Subject Classification*. 14Q10, 13P20*Keywords*. Waring problems, Waring rank, sums of powers, Strassen, additivity conjecture

Let  $F$  be a degree  $d$  homogeneous polynomial. The Waring rank of  $F$  is the least number of  $d$ -th powers of linear forms needed to present  $F$  as a sum of them. This minimal number of summand is denoted with  $\text{rk}(F)$  and it has been object of intense research in the last 10 years. This interest can be explained because of the many applications of the Waring rank which include, but are not limited to, algebraic geometry, algebraic complexity theory, signal processing and quantum information theory. One of the long standing problem about the Waring rank is Strassen's additivity conjecture (1969) which states that  $\text{rk}(F+G) = \text{rk}(F) + \text{rk}(G)$  whenever  $F$  and  $G$  are forms in different sets of variables. Surprisingly, the first non-trivial evidence of this conjecture is contained in a 2012 paper by Carlini-Catalisano-Geramita in which the additivity of the rank is proved for coprime monomials. In this talk I will show how a new geometric approach leads to a proof of the conjecture in two relevant situations, namely (1) when  $G$  has rank at most the number of its variables and (2) when  $F$  and  $G$  are binary forms, i.e. polynomial involving two variables each. The new techniques that we used are very promising and will allow us to prove Strassen's conjecture even in more cases. This

is work in progress with Catalisano and Chiantini.

SC04-03-02

**On the Gevrey expansions of hypergeometric integrals**Francisco-Jesus Castro-Jimenez  
University of Seville, Spain  
castro@us.es2010 *Mathematics Subject Classification*. 14F10, 32C38, 33C70, 35A27*Keywords*. Hypergeometric System, Gevrey solution, Irregularity, Hypergeometric integral

This is part of a joint work with Michel Granger which is accepted for publication in IMRN. We study integral representations of the Gevrey series solutions of irregular hypergeometric systems associated with an one row matrix.

Let  $D$  denote the complex Weyl algebra of order  $n$ , where  $n \geq 0$  is an integer.

The input data is a pair  $(A, \beta)$  where  $\beta \in \mathbb{C}^d$  and  $A = (a_{ij}) \in \mathbb{Z}^{d \times n}$  is a matrix of rank  $d$ . The toric ideal  $I_A \subset \mathbb{C}[\beta]$  is the ideal generated by the binomials  $\theta^u - \theta^v$  where  $u, v \in \mathbb{N}^n$  and  $Au = Av$ . The Hypergeometric System associated with  $(A, \beta)$  is the  $D$ -module  $M_A(\beta) := \frac{D}{H_A(\beta)}$ , where  $H_A(\beta)$  is the ideal  $DI_A + D(E_1 - \beta_1, \dots, E_d - \beta_d)$  with  $E_i - \beta_i := \sum_{j=1}^n a_{ij} x_j \partial_j$ .

Gelfand-Zelevinsky-Kapranov and Adolphson proved that  $M_A(\beta)$  holonomic for any  $(A, \beta)$ . By results of Hotta, Saito-Sturmfels-Takayama and Schulze-Walther,  $M_A(\beta)$  is regular if and only if the toric ideal  $I_A$  is homogeneous in  $\mathbb{C}[\beta]$ .

The irregularity and Gevrey series solutions of an irregular  $M_A(\beta)$  are studied and described by Schulze-Walther and Fernández-Fernández. A. Adolphson gave a formula for the dimension of the holomorphic solution space at a generic point and for a generic  $\beta$ . A. Esterov and K. Takeuchi prove that these generic solution spaces are described by integral representations along rapid decay cycles as introduced by M. Hien.

In this presentation we will describe a realisation of the Gevrey series solutions of  $M_A(\beta)$  as asymptotic expansions of integral solutions, when  $A$  is a row matrix.

SC04-03-01

**Quasi-numerically positive log canonical divisors**Shigetaka Fukuda  
Gifu Shotoku Gakuen University, Japan  
fukuda@ha.shotoku.ac.jp2010 *Mathematics Subject Classification*. 14E30*Keywords*. Quasi-numerically positive, the log canonical divisor, the log abundance conjecture

Here every algebraic variety is projective over the field of complex numbers and every  $\mathbb{Q}$ -divisor is  $\mathbb{Q}$ -Cartier.

**Definition.** A divisor on an algebraic variety is nef if it has nonnegative intersection number with every curve on the variety. It is nup (strictly nef) if it has a strictly positive intersection number with every curve. It is almost nup if it has a strictly positive intersection number with every curve not included in some fixed union of countably many proper Zariski-closed

subsets. It is quasi-nup (of maximal nef dimension) if it is nef and almost nup. It is nef and big if it is nef and its self-intersection number is strictly positive. A divisor on a log variety is nef and log big if it is nef and big and its restriction to every log canonical center is nef and big.

**The log abundance conjecture** states that, if the log canonical divisor on a kawamata log terminal (klt) variety is nef, then it is semiample.

**Main Theorem** (2012). *The log abundance conjecture is reduced to the following three subconjectures:*

(Subconjecture 1) *the existence of some log canonical bundle formula for klt varieties.*

(Subconjecture 2) *the termination conjecture for log flips for klt varieties.*

(Subconjecture 3) *if the log canonical divisor on a klt variety is quasi-nup, then it is semiample.*

**Remark.** The proof uses Tsuji's theory of numerically trivial fibrations and Nakayama's theory of numerical Kodaira dimension.

**Remark.** Subconjecture 1 is now a theorem by Ambro.

Another Theorems.

**Theorem 1** (Base point free theorem of Reid type, 1997). *If the log canonical divisor on a  $\mathbb{Q}$ -factorial divisorial log terminal variety is nef and log big, then it is semiample.*

**Theorem 2** (2011). *If the log canonical divisor on a klt variety is numerically equivalent to some semiample  $\mathbb{Q}$ -divisor, then it is semiample.*

SC04-06-01

## Rationality problem for algebraic tori

Akinari Hoshi<sup>1, \*\*</sup> and Aiichi Yamasaki<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Niigata University, Japan

<sup>2</sup>Kyoto University, Japan

\*hoshi@math.sc.niigata-u.ac.jp

2010 Mathematics Subject Classification. 11E72, 12F20, 13A50, 14E08, 20C10

**Keywords.** Rationality problem, birational classification, algebraic tori, flabby resolution, Krull-Schmidt theorem

We give a birational classification of algebraic tori of dimensions 4 and 5 over a field  $k$ . In particular, a birational classification of norm one tori whose Chevalley modules are of rank 4 and 5 is given. We show that there exist exactly 487 (resp. 7, resp. 216) stably rational (resp. not stably but retract rational, resp. not retract rational) algebraic tori of dimension 4, and there exist exactly 3051 (resp. 25, resp. 3003) stably rational (resp. not stably but retract rational, resp. not retract rational) algebraic tori of dimension 5. We make a procedure to compute a flabby resolution of a  $G$ -lattice effectively by using the computer algebra system GiAP. Some algorithms may determine whether the flabby class of a  $G$ -lattice is invertible (resp. zero) or not. Using the algorithms, we determine all the flabby and coflabby  $G$ -lattices of rank up to 6. Moreover, we show that they are stably permutation. We also verify that the

Krull-Schmidt theorem for  $G$ -lattices holds when the rank  $\leq 4$ , and fails when the rank is 5. Indeed, there exist exactly 11 (resp. 131)  $G$ -lattices of rank 5 (resp. 6) which are decomposable into two different ranks. Moreover, when the rank is 6, there exist exactly 18  $G$ -lattices which are decomposable into the same ranks but the direct summands are not isomorphic. As an application of the methods developed, some examples of not retract (stably) rational fields over  $k$  are given.

SC04-05-02

## Toward a complete classification of log del Pezzo surfaces of rank one

Dongseon Hwang

Ajou University, Republic of Korea

dshwang@ajou.ac.kr

2010 Mathematics Subject Classification. 14J25, 14J17, 14J26, 14J45

**Keywords.** Log del Pezzo surface, quotient singularity, log canonical singularity

After a brief review on the classification of normal del Pezzo surfaces, I will propose an approach to a complete classification of log del Pezzo surfaces of Picard number one. The current stage of this approach will also be presented. In particular, we classify all del Pezzo surfaces of Picard number one with quotient singularities.

SC04-05-01

## Birational geometry of algebraic plane curves

Shigeru Itaka

Gakushuin University, Japan

itakashigeru@gmail.com

2010 Mathematics Subject Classification. 14H50

**Keywords.** Kodaira dimension, logarithmic Kodaira dimension, minimal model, classification of algebraic surfaces, mixed plurigenera

Let  $S$  be a nonsingular rational surface and  $D$  a nonsingular curve on  $S$ .  $(S, D)$  are called pairs and we shall study birational properties of such pairs. Suppose that  $m \geq a \geq 1$ . Then  $P_{m,a}[D] = \dim \{mK_S + aD\} + 1$  are called mixed plurigenera, which depend on  $S$  and  $D$ . One can ask to what extent  $\text{pairs}(S, D)$  are determined by mixed plurigenera. Letting  $Z$  stand for  $K_S + D$ , we see  $P_{m,m}[D] = \dim \{mZ\} + 1$ , called logarithmic plurigenera of  $S - D$ , from which logarithmic Kodaira dimension  $\kappa(D)$  is introduced.

If  $\sigma > 4$  then  $D + 2K_S$  is nef and big;  $P_{2,1}[D] = Z^2 - \bar{\sigma} + 1 = A + 1$ , where  $A = Z^2 - \bar{\sigma}$ ;

If  $\sigma > 6$  then  $D + 3K_S \neq \emptyset$  and

$$P_{3,1}[D] = 3Z^2 + 1 - \bar{\tau}\bar{\omega} + D^2 = 3A - \alpha + 1 = \Omega - \omega + 1$$

where  $\alpha = 4\bar{\sigma} - D^2$ ,  $\Omega = (3Z - 2D)$ ,  $Z = 3Z^2 - 4\bar{\tau}$  and  $\omega = 3\bar{\sigma} - D^2$ .

Our purpose is to enumerate all numerical types of algebraic plane curves with small  $\omega$ . For instance  $\omega < 7$ .

**Main result.** *Given any one of mixed mixed plurigenera, there exist only a finite number of numerical types of  $(S, D)$ . The pair  $(\Sigma_B, C)$  is said to be **minimal**, if  $\sigma \geq 2\nu_1$  and  $e - \sigma \geq B\nu_1$ . If a pair  $(S, D)$  is not transformed into a line by  $\neq$  transformations, then*

- (i)  $(S, D)$  is obtained from a  $\sharp$  minimal pair  $(\Sigma_B, C)$  by shortest resolution of singularities of  $C$  using blowing ups or;  
 (ii)  $(S, D) = (\mathbf{P}^2, C_d)$ ,  $(d \geq 3)$ ,  $C_d$  being a nonsingular curve.

Itaka's web page: <http://itakashigeru.web.fc2.com/>

SC04-02-01

### Cycles and bundles on generalized complex manifolds

Hoil Kim

Kyungpook National University, Republic of Korea

hkim@knu.ac.kr

2010 Mathematics Subject Classification. 14D21, 14D20, 14C25

Keywords. Lie algebroid, Generalized complex manifolds, Complex Geometry, Symplectic Geometry, Bundles and Cycles

The generalized complex structures naturally combine the complex geometry and symplectic geometry and extend the mirror behaviour. We study the category of Lie algebroids containing that of generalized complex structures. The category of Lie algebroids are closely related with the category of Lie groupoids. It generalizes the geometry and explains many interesting behaviours. It is also related to diverse physical problems. We study the  $K$  groups and algebraic cycles associated to the generalized complex structures from the view point of Lie algebroids and find the Chern character map from  $K$  groups to algebraic cycles comparing with those of real versions. We also describe the generalized Grothendieck Riemann Roch theorem and the Picard group from the generalized Hodge theory. We mention the mirror symmetry in the sense of Lie algebroids and Morita equivalence in both  $K$  groups and algebraic cycles.

SC04-10-03

### Configurations of lines in del Pezzo surfaces and Gosset polytopes

Jae-Hyouk Lee

Ewha Womans University, Republic of Korea

jaehyouk1@ewha.ac.kr

2010 Mathematics Subject Classification. 51M20, 14J26, 14N99, 52B20

Keywords. del Pezzo surface, Gosset polytope, line, ruling

In this talk, we explain the configuration of lines in del Pezzo surfaces according to the E-type reflection group action on Gosset polytopes. After constructing a Gosset polytope in the Picard group of a del Pezzo surface as a convex hull of a subset consisting of lines, we introduce interesting correspondences between special divisors such as lines, rulings, exceptional systems and the subpolytopes in the Gosset Polytope. Moreover, we classify and describe the sum of the divisor classes of del Pezzo surfaces, which are written as the sum of distinct lines with fixed intersection according to combinatorial data in Gosset polytopes.

SC04-04-03

### Additive group actions on algebraic varieties

Alvaro Liendo

Universidad de Talca, Chile

alvaro.liendo@gmail.com

2010 Mathematics Subject Classification. 14R05, 14R20, 13N15

Keywords. Additive group actions, T-varieties, Automorphism groups

In this talk we present some recent results about algebraic varieties admitting additive group actions.

In the first part, we provide a characterization of additive group actions on a wide class of non-necessarily complete algebraic varieties in terms of a certain type of integrable vector fields. This generalizes the characterization of additive group actions on affine varieties via locally nilpotent derivations.

In the second part, if  $X$  is a complete variety such that  $\text{Aut}(X)$  is an algebraic group, we show how this characterization allows us to compute the automorphism group of  $X$ . We also show how this computations is realized in the case where the maximal torus  $T \subseteq \text{Aut}(X)$  is such that  $\dim T = \dim X$  or  $\dim T = \dim X - 1$ .

SC04-01-01

### Families of $K3$ surfaces in smooth Fano 3-folds with Picard number 2

Makiko Mase

Tokyo Metropolitan University, Japan

mnmase@arion.ocn.ne.jp

2010 Mathematics Subject Classification. 14J28, 14C22, 14E05, 14J10, 14J45

Keywords. Family of  $K3$  surfaces, Picard lattice, Birational correspondence

The aim of this talk is to give families of  $K3$  surfaces in Fano 3-folds among which there are birational correspondences. We discuss the precise question: if the Néron-Severi lattices of generic members in families of  $K3$  surfaces are isometric, then, does there exist a correspondence between general members in one family and those in another? There exists a birational correspondence among families of  $K3$  hypersurfaces in weighted projective spaces by Kobayashi and Mase.

Fix a line  $l$  and a smooth cubic  $C$  in the same hyperplane  $H$  in  $\mathbb{P}^3$ , and denote by  $\mathcal{R}$  a smooth irreducible curve that is an intersection of two smooth cubic surfaces in  $\mathbb{P}^3$ . Let  $X'$ ,  $X$ , and  $X''$  be smooth Fano 3-folds obtained by blowing-up  $\mathbb{P}^3$  along  $l$ ,  $C$ , and  $\mathcal{R}$ , respectively, and  $Y'$  be a small toric degeneration of  $X$ . Denote by  $\mathcal{F}'$ ,  $\mathcal{F}$ ,  $\mathcal{F}''$ , and  $\mathcal{F}$  the families of  $K3$  surfaces parametrized by the complete anticanonical linear systems  $| -K_{X'} |$ ,  $| -K_X |$ ,  $| -K_{X''} |$ , and  $| -K_{Y'} |$ , respectively. Note that the Néron-Severi lattices of generic member of families  $\mathcal{F}'$ ,  $\mathcal{F}$ ,  $\mathcal{F}''$  are isometric to a lattice  $(h_1, h_2)_{\mathbb{Z}}$  of rank 2 with intersection numbers  $(h_1)^2 = 4$ ,  $(h_1, h_2) = 3$ ,  $(h_2)^2 = 0$ .

**Main Theorem** (Mase). *There exist birational maps  $\Phi_1 : \mathcal{F}' \rightarrow \mathcal{F}$ ,  $\Phi_2 : \mathcal{F}' \rightarrow \mathcal{F}$ ,  $\Phi_3 : \mathcal{F}' \rightarrow \mathcal{F}''$  each of that gives a correspondence of general members in respective families.*



도중에 스마트폰 앱 개발이 추진이 됨. 그렇기 때문에 자료활용을  $\text{T}_{\text{E}}\text{X}$ 을 이용해서 작업하게 됨.

도중에 스마트폰 앱 개발이 추진이 됨. 그렇기 때문에 자료활용을  $\text{T}_E\text{X}$ 을 이용해서 작업하게 됨.

- 1 한 영역으로 합쳐져 있던 발표자료가 개별의  $\text{T}_E\text{X}$ 파일로 분리 (Python)

도중에 스마트폰 앱 개발이 추진이 됨. 그렇기 때문에 자료활용을  $\text{T}_\text{E}\text{X}$ 을 이용해서 작업하게 됨.

- 1 한 영역으로 합쳐져 있던 발표자료가 개별의  $\text{T}_\text{E}\text{X}$ 파일로 분리 (Python)
- 2 여기에 추가되는 것은 시간정보/발표코드/장소

도중에 스마트폰 앱 개발이 추진이 됨. 그렇기 때문에 자료활용을 T<sub>E</sub>X을 이용해서 작업하게 됨.

- 1 한 영역으로 합쳐져 있던 발표자료가 개별의 T<sub>E</sub>X파일로 분리 (Python)
- 2 여기에 추가되는 것은 시간정보/발표코드/장소
- 3 문제는 T<sub>E</sub>X파일은 UTF-8을 기준으로 작업을 했는데, 인코딩문제를 고려하지 않고 작업을 했다가, 인코딩이 모두 깨진 원고를 받게 됨.

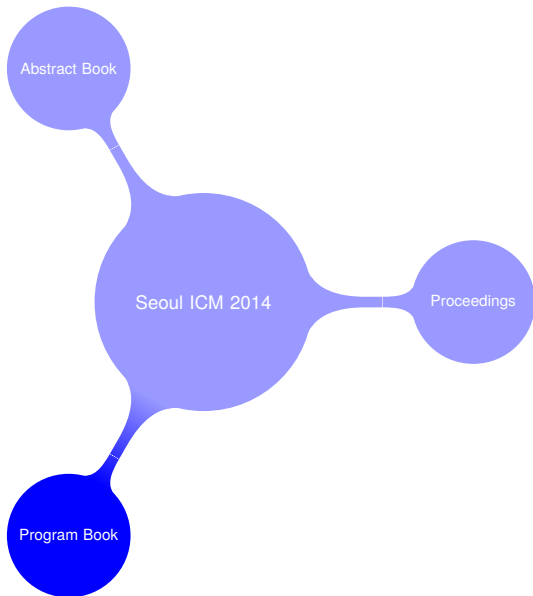
도중에 스마트폰 앱 개발이 추진이 됨. 그렇기 때문에 자료활용을 T<sub>E</sub>X을 이용해서 작업하게 됨.

- 1 한 영역으로 합쳐져 있던 발표자료가 개별의 T<sub>E</sub>X파일로 분리 (Python)
- 2 여기에 추가되는 것은 시간정보/발표코드/장소
- 3 문제는 T<sub>E</sub>X파일은 UTF-8을 기준으로 작업을 했는데, 인코딩문제를 고려하지 않고 작업을 했다가, 인코딩이 모두 깨진 원고를 받게 됨.
- 4 인코딩 문제를 잡아내기 위해 1000쪽에 달하는 원고를 여러번 검토해서 잡아냄.

도중에 스마트폰 앱 개발이 추진이 됨. 그렇기 때문에 자료활용을  $\text{T}_{\text{E}}\text{X}$ 을 이용해서 작업하게 됨.

- 1 한 영역으로 합쳐져 있던 발표자료가 개별의  $\text{T}_{\text{E}}\text{X}$ 파일로 분리 (Python)
- 2 여기에 추가되는 것은 시간정보/발표코드/장소
- 3 문제는  $\text{T}_{\text{E}}\text{X}$ 파일은 UTF-8을 기준으로 작업을 했는데, 인코딩문제를 고려하지 않고 작업을 했다가, 인코딩이 모두 깨진 원고를 받게 됨.
- 4 인코딩 문제를 잡아내기 위해 1000쪽에 달하는 원고를 여러번 검토해서 잡아냄.

비  $\text{T}_{\text{E}}\text{X}$ 유저에게 단순작업을 의뢰할 때는 반드시  $\text{T}_{\text{n}}\text{X}\text{T}_{\text{E}}\text{X}$ 이라도 설치해서 작업해야 한다.



ICM Seoul 2014 Program Book (작업기간: 6월 20일 – 8월 11일)



ICM Seoul 2014 Program Book (작업기간: 6월 20일 – 8월 11일)

## Definition (프로그램북)

프로그램북은 학회의 행사의 진행순서, 학회의 주요정보를 일목요연하게 살펴볼 수 있는 책이다.

ICM Seoul 2014 Program Book (작업기간: 6월 20일 – 8월 11일)

## Definition (프로그램북)

프로그램북은 학회의 행사의 진행순서, 학회의 주요정보를 일목요연하게 살펴볼 수 있는 책이다.

- 개괄적인 시간정보
- 분야별 시간정보, 간략한 발표정보
- Other Information (장소, 시설이용안내 등등)

	Aimar, Hugo .....	84	Page number
	Aistleitner, Christoph*	77	
Surname	Ajeena, Ruma kareem k.	158	indicates Presenter

## 발표자 색인

### Thursday, August 14

		Room No.
<b>15:00 - 16:00</b>	Chair: Dohan Kim, Seoul National University, Korea	320AB
15:00 - 15:20	<i>Almost everywhere convergence of function series, uniform distribution mod 1 and GCD sums</i>	SC08-01-01
	<b>Christoph Aistleitner</b> , Kobe University, Japan	Title
	Istvan Berkes, TU Graz, Austria	Presentation Code

Boldfaced Names indicate the names for presenters of talks.

## 발표 정보

- 1 정보가 실시간으로 바뀌어서 정보의 변화를 바로 적용하기 힘들.

- 1 정보가 실시간으로 바뀌어서 정보의 변화를 바로 적용하기 힘들.
- 2 발표제목에 수식이 많이 들어가있는 상황.

- 1 정보가 실시간으로 바뀌어서 정보의 변화를 바로 적용하기 힘들.
- 2 발표제목에 수식이 많이 들어가있는 상황.
- 3 초록집과의 연동을 고려할 때 반드시 TeX으로 조판을 해야 하는 상황

- 1 정보가 실시간으로 바뀌어서 정보의 변화를 바로 적용하기 힘들.
- 2 발표제목에 수식이 많이 들어가있는 상황.
- 3 초록집과의 연동을 고려할 때 반드시 TeX으로 조판을 해야 하는 상황

작업상의 난점

- 1 정보가 실시간으로 바뀌어서 정보의 변화를 바로 적용하기 힘들.
- 2 발표제목에 수식이 많이 들어가있는 상황.
- 3 초록집과의 연동을 고려할 때 반드시 TeX으로 조판을 해야 하는 상황

## 작업상의 난점

- 1 2단조판은 TeX조판으로 만들 때 많은 기술적인 애로사항이 당시에 있었음 (판면 자유도)



- 1 정보가 실시간으로 바뀌어서 정보의 변화를 바로 적용하기 힘들.
- 2 발표제목에 수식이 많이 들어가있는 상황.
- 3 초록집과의 연동을 고려할 때 반드시 TeX으로 조판을 해야 하는 상황

## 작업상의 난점

- 1 2단조판은 TeX조판으로 만들 때 많은 기술적인 애로사항이 당시에 있었음 (판면 자유도)
- 2 많은 명령어를 만들어야 하는 상황

- (본문) fontspec, hyphenat, enumitem, ragged2e, multicol
- (자료처리) ifthen, pgfkeys, imakeidx
- (객체) graphicx, pdfpages, tikz, tabu, longtable, booktabs, multirow, mdframed, kswrapfig, pagecolor
- Progress source (KNUWorkshop)

- 그리고 이 모든것이  $\text{T}_E\text{X}$ 으로만 되는 것도 아니므로 *Illustrator*를 적절히 융합해서 작업.

- 그리고 이 모든것이  $\text{T}_\text{E}^X$ 으로만 되는 것도 아니므로 *Illustrator*를 적절히 융합해서 작업.
- 표를 만들어야 할 경우, 보다 쉽게 하기 위해 *LyX+Excel2LaTeX*을 사용.

- 그리고 이 모든것이  $\text{T}_\text{E}\text{X}$ 으로만 되는 것도 아니므로 *Illustrator*를 적절히 융합해서 작업.
- 표를 만들어야 할 경우, 보다 쉽게 하기 위해 *LyX+Excel2LaTeX*을 사용.
- $\text{T}_\text{E}\text{X}$ 에서 권장하는 판면규칙에 어긋나는 그림은 *tikzpicture*의 *overlay* 옵션으로 구현.

- 그리고 이 모든것이  $\text{T}_E\text{X}$ 으로만 되는 것도 아니므로 *Illustrator*를 적절히 융합해서 작업.
- 표를 만들어야 할 경우, 보다 쉽게 하기 위해  $\text{LyX}+\text{Excel}2\text{LaTeX}$ 을 사용.
- $\text{T}_E\text{X}$ 에서 권장하는 판면규칙에 어긋나는 그림은 *tikzpicture*의 *overlay* 옵션으로 구현.
- 컴파일러는 파일 연동문제로  $\text{LuaL}_A\text{T}_E\text{X}$ 을 사용했다. 파일연동문제는 *xr* 패키지가 제안되었지만 당시 작업상황 때문에 교육지책으로  $\text{LuaL}_A\text{T}_E\text{X}$ 을 사용.



**The program by day**

## || Wednesday, August 13

### 09:00 - 11:30 Opening Ceremony Hall D

Awards Ceremony of the Fields Medals, the Rolf Nevanlinna Prize, the Carl Friedrich Gauss Prize and the Chern Medal Award

### 11:30 - 14:00 Lunch

### 14:00 - 16:30 Laudations Hall D

14:00 - 14:25 Work of Fields Medalist 1

14:30 - 14:55 Work of Fields Medalist 2

15:00 - 15:25 Work of Fields Medalist 3

15:30 - 15:55 Work of Fields Medalist 4

16:00 - 16:25 Work of Rolf Nevanlinna Prize Winner

### 16:30 - 17:30 Special Lecture by the Nevanlinna Prize Winner Hall D

### 20:00 - 21:00 Public Lecture 1 by James H. Simons Hall D

Chair: Ki Hyung Lee, CEO of Interpark, Inc., Korea

## || Thursday, August 14

### 09:00 - 12:30 Plenary Lectures Hall D

09:00 - 10:00 *Virtual properties of 3-manifolds* PL-1

Ian Agol, University of California, Berkeley, USA

10:15 - 11:15 *Mori geometry meets Cartan geometry: Varieties of minimal rational tangents* PL-2

Jun-Muk Hwang, KIAS, Korea

11:30 - 12:30 *Mathematics of sparsity (and a few other things)* PL-3

Emmanuel J. Candès, Stanford University, USA

### 12:30 - 14:00 Lunch

### 14:00 - 15:00 Special Lecture by Fields Medalist 1 Hall D

### 15:00 - 18:00 Invited Section Lectures

2. Algebra	see p.37	Hall E5-6
3. Number Theory	see p.47	Hall E1-4
4. Algebraic and Complex Geometry	see p.54	301AB
6. Topology	see p.67	307ABC
8. Analysis and its Applications	see p.78	402
9. Dynamical Systems and Ordinary Differential Equations	see p.91	317ABC
10. Partial Differential Equations	see p.102	318ABC
12. Probability and Statistics	see p.119	300
14. Mathematical Aspects of Computer Science	see p.138	327ABC
17. Mathematics in Science and Technology	see p.159	308ABC

### 15:00 - 18:00 Short Communications

1. Logic and Foundations	see p.36	310AB
2. Algebra	see p.38	309
5. Geometry	see p.60	316
6. Topology	see p.68	312
8. Analysis and its Applications	see p.86	320AB
9. Dynamical Systems and Ordinary Differential Equations	see p.92	322, 324AB
10. Partial Differential Equations	see p.103	319
11. Mathematical Physics	see p.114	323
13. Combinatorics	see p.128	321AB
15. Numerical Analysis and Scientific Computing	see p.143	325AB
16. Control Theory and Optimization	see p.153	311AB

### 12:00 - 18:00 Poster Sessions Hall C1

1. Logic and Foundations	see p.37
2. Algebra	see p.44
3. Number Theory	see p.52
5. Geometry	see p.57

### 18:00 - 19:00 Emmy Noether Lecture Hall D

Chair: Christiane Rousseau, Université de Montréal, Canada  
Connecting the McKay correspondence and Schur-Weyl duality

Georgia Benkart, University of Wisconsin-Madison, USA

SL-1

## || Friday, August 15

### 09:00 - 12:30 Plenary Lectures Hall D

09:00 - 10:00 *L-functions and automorphic representations* PL-4

James Arthur, University of Toronto, Canada

10:15 - 11:15 *Hyperbolic P.D.E. and Lorentzian Geometry* PL-5

Demetris Christodoulou, ETH-Zürich, Switzerland

11:30 - 12:30 *The structure of algebraic varieties* PL-6

János Kollár, Princeton University, USA

### 12:30 - 14:00 Lunch

### 14:00 - 15:00 Special Lecture by Fields Medalist 2 Hall D

### 15:00 - 18:00 Invited Section Lectures

1. Logic and Foundations	see p.35	327ABC
3. Number Theory	see p.47	Hall E1-4
5. Geometry	see p.58	402
6. Topology	see p.67	300
7. Lie Theory and Generalizations	see p.74	301AB
8. Analysis and its Applications	see p.78	Hall E5-6
10. Partial Differential Equations	see p.102	307ABC
11. Mathematical Physics	see p.112	308ABC



13. Combinatorics	see p.127	318ABC
15. Numerical Analysis and Scientific Computing	see p.143	317ABC
<b>15:00 - 18:00 Short Communications</b>		
2. Algebra	see p.38	309
3. Number Theory	see p.49	310AB
5. Geometry	see p.60	316
6. Topology	see p.68	312
8. Analysis and its Applications	see p.86	320AB
9. Dynamical Systems and Ordinary Differential Equations	see p.92	324AB
10. Partial Differential Equations	see p.103	319
11. Mathematical Physics	see p.114	323
12. Probability and Statistics	see p.121	322
13. Combinatorics	see p.128	321AB
14. Mathematical Aspects of Computer Science	see p.139	326
15. Numerical Analysis and Scientific Computing	see p.143	325AB
16. Control Theory and Optimization	see p.153	311AB
17. Mathematics in Science and Technology	see p.160	313
<b>12:00 - 18:00 Poster Sessions</b>		
4. Algebraic and Complex Geometry	see p.57	<b>Hall C1</b>
6. Topology	see p.73	
7. Lie Theory and Generalizations	see p.77	
8. Analysis and its Applications	see p.86	
<b>18:00 - 19:00 Abel Lecture</b>		
<i>Chair: Helge Holden, Norwegian University of Science and Technology, Norway</i>		<b>Hall D</b>
<i>Topology through Four Centuries</i>		SL-2
<i>John Milnor, Stony Brook University, USA</i>		
<b>   Saturday, August 16</b>		
<b>09:00 - 12:30 Plenary Lectures</b>		
09:00 - 10:00	To be announced	<b>Hall D</b>
	<b>Maryam Mirzakhani, Stanford University, USA</b>	PL-7
10:15 - 11:15	<i>The great beauty of VEM's</i>	PL-8
	<b>Franco Brezzi, Istituto Universitario di Studi Superiori, Pavia, Italy</b>	
11:30 - 12:30	<i>Rational points on elliptic and hyperelliptic curves</i>	PL-9
	<b>Manjul Bhargava, Princeton University, USA</b>	
12:30 - 14:00	<b>Lunch</b>	
14:00 - 15:00	<b>Lecture on the work of the Gauss Prize winner</b>	<b>Hall D</b>

<b>15:00 - 18:00 Invited Section Lectures</b>		
2. Algebra	see p.37	402
4. Algebraic and Complex Geometry	see p.54	300
5. Geometry	see p.58	Hall E1-4
8. Analysis and its Applications	see p.78	Hall E5-6
9. Dynamical Systems and Ordinary Differential Equations	see p.91	301AB
11. Mathematical Physics	see p.112	307ABC
12. Probability and Statistics	see p.119	308ABC
14. Mathematical Aspects of Computer Science	see p.138	317ABC
16. Control Theory and Optimization	see p.152	318ABC
17. Mathematics in Science and Technology	see p.159	327ABC
<b>15:00 - 18:00 Short Communications</b>		
2. Algebra	see p.38	309
3. Number Theory	see p.49	310AB
4. Algebraic and Complex Geometry*	see p.55	311AB
5. Geometry	see p.60	316
6. Topology	see p.68	312
7. Lie Theory and Generalizations	see p.75	313
8. Analysis and its Applications	see p.86	320AB
9. Dynamical Systems and Ordinary Differential Equations	see p.92	324AB
10. Partial Differential Equations	see p.103	319
11. Mathematical Physics	see p.114	323
12. Probability and Statistics	see p.121	322
13. Combinatorics	see p.128	321AB
15. Numerical Analysis and Scientific Computing	see p.143	325AB
19. History of Mathematics	see p.172	326
	*end at 18:20	
<b>12:00 - 18:00 Poster Sessions</b>		
9. Dynamical Systems and Ordinary Differential Equations	see p.99	<b>Hall C1</b>
10. Partial Differential Equations	see p.109	
11. Mathematical Physics	see p.117	
12. Probability and Statistics	see p.125	
<b>Other Activities</b>		
<b>18:30 - 19:00 Casual Performances</b>		
<b>19:00 - 20:30 Conference Dinner</b>		
	Hosted by the Mayor of Seoul	<b>Hall D</b>
<b>   Monday, August 18</b>		
<b>09:00 - 12:30 Plenary Lectures</b>		
09:00 - 10:00	<i>Integrable probability</i>	<b>Hall D1</b>
	<b>Alexei Borodin, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, USA</b>	PL-10

- *Connection between complemented, continuous, and pure modules.* P02-36  
**Sri Wahyuni**, Universitas Gadjah Mada (UGM), Indonesia
- *The structure of the unit loops of finite loop algebras of RA2 loops* P02-37  
**Swati Sidana**, Indian Institute of Technology Delhi, India  
R K Sharma, Indian Institute of Technology Delhi, India
- *Steiner triple systems from algebraic point of view* P02-38  
**Izabella Stuhl**, University of Sao Paulo, Brazil
- *Type A quiver loci and Schubert varieties* P02-39  
Ryan Kinser, Northeastern University, USA  
**Jenna Rajchgot**, University of Michigan, USA
- *The quasi-Hopf algebra  $Qu_q(\mathfrak{sl}_2)$*  P02-40  
**Gongxiang Liu**, Nanjing University, China
- *A note on generalizations of quasi-Frobenius rings* P02-41  
**Thoang Le Duc**, Phu Yen University, Vietnam

### 3. Number Theory

#### Schedule of Section 3

Room	Day2	Day3	Day4	Day5	Day6	Day7	Day8
	8.14(Thu)	8.15(Fri)	8.16(Sat)	8.18(Mon)	8.19(Tue)	8.20(Wed)	8.21(Thu)
Hall E1-4	IL.3.1	IL.3.4				IL.3.10	
	IL.3.2	IL.3.5				IL.3.11	
	IL.3.3	IL.3.6				IL.3.12	
307ABC				IL.3.7 IL.3.8 IL.3.9			
310AB		SC03-01 SC03-02 SC03-03	SC03-04 SC03-05 SC03-06	SC03-07 SC03-08 SC03-09	SC03-10 SC03-11		
	Hall C1	P03					

IL: Invited Section Lectures, SC: Short Communications, P: Poster Sessions

#### Invited Section Lectures

##### Thursday, August 14

- 15:00 - 17:45 *Chair: YoungJu Choie, POSTECH, Korea* **Hall E1-4**
- 15:00 - 15:45 *The ternary Goldbach problem* **IL.3.1**  
**Harald Andrés Helfgott**, École Normale Supérieure-Paris, France
- 16:00 - 16:45 *Completed cohomology and the p-adic Langlands program* **IL.3.2**  
**Matthew Emerton**, University of Chicago, USA
- 17:00 - 17:45 *Motivic periods and  $\mathbb{P}^1\{0, 1, \infty\}$*  **IL.3.3**  
**Francis Brown**, IHES, France

**Friday, August 15**

- 15:00 - 17:45** Chair: *Ja-Kyung Koo, KAIST, Korea* **Hall E1-4**  
 15:00 - 15:45 *Small gaps between primes* **IL.3.4**  
**D. A. Goldston**, San Jose State University, USA  
**Janos Pintz**<sup>\*</sup>, Alfréd Rényi Institute of Mathematics, Hungary  
**Cem Yalcin Yildirim**, Bogazici University, Turkey
- 16:00 - 16:45 *Automorphic Galois representations and the cohomology of Shimura varieties* **IL.3.5**  
**Michael Harris**, Institut de Mathématiques de Jussieu, France
- 17:00 - 17:45 *Theta correspondences: recent progress and applications* **IL.3.6**  
**Wee Teck Gan**, National University of Singapore, Singapore

**Tuesday, August 19**

- 15:00 - 17:45** Chair: *Byeong-Kweon Oh, Seoul National University, Korea* **307ABC**  
 15:00 - 15:45 *Translation invariance, exponential sums, and Waring's problem* **IL.3.7**  
**Trevor D. Wooley**, University of Bristol, UK
- 16:00 - 16:45 *Perfectoid spaces and their applications* **IL.3.8**  
**Peter Scholze**, Universität Bonn, Germany
- 17:00 - 17:45 *Some problems in analytic number theory for polynomials over a finite field* **IL.3.9**  
**Zeev Rudnick**, Tel Aviv University, Israel

**Wednesday, August 20**

- 15:00 - 17:45** Chair: *Henri Darmon, Canada, McGill University* **Hall E1-4**  
 15:00 - 15:45 *Stabilisation de la partie géométrique de la formule des traces torde* **IL.3.10**  
**Jean-Loup Waldspurger**, Institut de Mathématiques de Jussieu, France
- 16:00 - 16:45 *Elementary integration of differentials in families and conjectures of Pink* **IL.3.11**  
**Umberto Zannier**, Scuola Normale Superiore di Pisa, Italy
- 17:00 - 17:45 *Linear equations in primes and dynamics of nilmanifolds* **IL.3.12**  
**Tamar Ziegler**, Hebrew University and Technion, Israel

**Thursday, August 21**

- 14:00 - 15:00** Chair: *Myung-Hwan Kim, Seoul National University, Korea* **Hall D1**  
 14:00 - 15:00 *Small gaps between primes and primes in arithmetic progressions to large moduli* **IL.3.13**  
**Yitang Zhang**, University of New Hampshire, USA

**Short Communications****Friday, August 15**

- 15:00 - 16:00** Chair: *Byeong-Kweon Oh, Seoul National University, Korea* **310AB**  
 15:00 - 15:20 *On a generalization of the three-pile trick by means of a finite family of discrete functions* **SC03-01-01**  
**Roy Quintero**, Universidad de Los Andes, Venezuela
- 15:20 - 15:40 *Chebyshev polynomials over finite fields and periodic harmonic functions on lattices* **SC03-01-02**  
**Masakazu Yamagishi**, Nagoya Institute of Technology, Japan
- 15:40 - 16:00 *Connections between the sum of divisors function and Euler's totient function* **SC03-01-03**  
**Kevin Broughan**, University of Waikato, New Zealand
- 16:00 - 17:00** Chair: *Masakazu Yamagishi, Nagoya Institute of Technology, Japan* **310AB**  
 16:00 - 16:20 *Cauchy Riemann equations of Zeta function* **SC03-02-01**  
**David Ni**, Diresion Technology, Chinese Taipei
- 16:20 - 16:40 *Generalized trigonometric Hopf algebras and Fermat's last theorem* **SC03-02-02**  
**Stefan Catoiu**, DePaul University, Chicago, USA
- 16:40 - 17:00 *Metabelian groups, transfer maps, and the capitulation problem* **SC03-02-03**  
**Alexandru Tupan**, University of Wisconsin River Falls, USA
- 17:00 - 18:00** Chair: *Stefan Catoiu, DePaul University, USA* **310AB**  
 17:00 - 17:20 *A new class of ordinary integers* **SC03-03-01**  
**Shu-Yuan Mei**, Nanjing Normal University, China
- 17:20 - 17:40 *Computing bounds on Jacobsthal's function* **SC03-03-02**  
**Gerhard Paseman**, Sheperd Systems, USA
- 17:40 - 18:00 *Hegysvári's theorem on complete sequences* **SC03-03-03**  
**Yong-Gao Chen**, Nanjing Normal University, China  
**Jin-Hui Fang**, Nanjing University of Information Science & Technology, China

**Saturday, August 16**

- 15:00 - 16:00** Chair: *Chang Heon Kim, Hanyang University, Korea* **310AB**  
 15:00 - 15:20 *Powers in products of terms of Pell's and Pell-Lucas Sequences* **SC03-04-01**  
**Shanta Laishram**, Indian Statistical Institute, India  
**Jhon Bravo**, UNAM, Morelia, Mexico  
**Pranabesh Das**, Indian Statistical Institute, India  
**Segio Guzman**, UNAM, Morelia, Mexico

15:20 - 15:40	<i>Arithmetic of Sheffer sequences</i> <b>Dae San Kim</b> , Sogang University, Korea Taekyun Kim, Kwangwon University, Korea	SC03-04-02
15:40 - 16:00	<i>Solutions of the Diophantine equation <math>x^2 + 5^n \cdot p^k = y^n</math></i> <b>Musa Demirci</b> , Uludağ University, Turkey	SC03-04-03
<b>16:00 - 17:00</b>	<i>Chair: Dae San Kim, Sogang University, Korea</i>	<b>310AB</b>
16:00 - 16:20	<i>On the algebraicity of the Fourier coefficients of half-integral weight modular forms</i> <b>Venkata ganapathi narasimha kumar Cheraku</b> , Indian Institute of Technology Hyderabad, India Soma Parkait, University of Warwick, UK	SC03-05-01
16:20 - 16:40	<i>Siegel modular forms of weight two and Hurwitz quaternion</i> <b>Haigang Zhou</b> , Tongji University, China	SC03-05-02
16:40 - 17:00	<i>On generic local Langlands correspondence for <math>GSpin</math> groups</i> Volker Heiermann, Aix Marseille Université, CNRS, Centrale Marseille, France <b>Yeansu Kim</b> , University of Iowa, USA	SC03-05-03
<b>17:00 - 18:00</b>	<i>Chair: Yeansu Kim, University of Iowa, USA</i>	<b>310AB</b>
17:00 - 17:20	<i>Generalizing Wallis formula</i> <b>Dirk Huyebrouck</b> , KU Leuven, Belgium	SC03-06-01
17:20 - 17:40	<i>Fourier expansion and a combinatorial-geometric viewpoint of Knopp type identities for generalized Dedekind sums</i> <b>Kozuka Kazuhito</b> , Miyakonojo National College of Technology, Japan	SC03-06-02
17:40 - 18:00	<i>Group sieve method for sequences of Fibonacci type</i> <b>Peide Chen</b> , Chinese Academy of Sciences, China	SC03-06-03
<b>Monday, August 18</b>		
<b>15:00 - 16:00</b>	<i>Chair: İlhan İkeada, Yeditepe University, Turkey</i>	<b>310AB</b>
15:00 - 15:20	<i>Exceptional intercepts of linear mod one transformations and fractional parts <math>\{\xi(p/q)^n\}</math></i> <b>Doyong Kwon</b> , Chonnam National University, Korea	SC03-07-01
15:20 - 15:40	<i>Generalizations of a cotangent sum associated to the zeros of the Estermann zeta function</i> <b>Michael Rassias</b> , ETH-Zurich, Switzerland	SC03-07-02
15:40 - 16:00	<i>3D continued fractions and Kloosterman sums</i> <b>Alexey Ustinov</b> , Institute of Applied Mathematics, Russia	SC03-07-03

<b>16:00 - 17:00</b>	<i>Chair: Doyong Kwon, Chonnam National University, Korea</i>	<b>310AB</b>
16:00 - 16:20	<i>On the zeros of the <math>k</math>-th derivative of the Riemann zeta function under the Riemann hypothesis</i> <b>Ade Irma Suriajaya</b> , Nagoya University, Japan	SC03-08-01
16:20 - 16:40	<i>Some conjecture on divisor function</i> <b>Masatoshi Nakano</b> , The Mathematical Society of Japan, Japan	SC03-08-02
16:40 - 17:00	<i>How to prove the Riemann hypothesis</i> <b>Yuanyou Cheng</b> , Harvard University, USA	SC03-08-03
<b>17:00 - 18:00</b>	<i>Chair: Ade Irma Suriajaya, Nagoya University, Japan</i>	<b>310AB</b>
17:00 - 17:20	<i>The asymptotic behavior of the multiple zeta function at non-positive integers</i> <b>Tomokazu Onozuka</b> , Nagoya University, Japan	SC03-09-01
17:20 - 17:40	<i>Meromorphic continuation and natural boundary for a new class of Euler products</i> <b>Oswaldo Velasquez</b> , Universidad Nacional de Ingeniería, Peru Driss Essouabri, Université Jean Monnet - Saint Etienne, Peru	SC03-09-02
17:40 - 18:00	<i>On a group closely related with the automorphic Langlands group</i> <b>İlhan İkeada</b> , Yeditepe University, Turkey	SC03-09-03

**Tuesday, August 19**

<b>15:00 - 16:00</b>	<i>Chair: Bo-Hae Im, Chung-Ang University, Korea</i>	<b>310AB</b>
15:00 - 15:20	<i>Holomorphic differentials of cyclotomic function fields</i> <b>Kenneth Ward</b> , New York University Shanghai, China	SC03-10-01
15:20 - 15:40	<i>Galois codescent for motivic tame kernels</i> <b>Jilali Assim</b> , Moulay Ismail University, Morocco	SC03-10-02
15:40 - 16:00	<i>Motivic Riemann-Roch theorem for nonsmooth schemes</i> <b>Alberto Navarro</b> , ICMat, Spain	SC03-10-03
<b>16:00 - 17:00</b>	<i>Chair: Kenneth Ward, New York University Shanghai, China</i>	<b>310AB</b>
16:00 - 16:20	<i>Euler products beyond the boundary for Selberg zeta functions</i> Shin-ya Koyama, Toyo University, Japan <b>Fumika Suzuki</b> , The University of British Columbia, Canada	SC03-11-01
16:20 - 16:40	<i>An arithmetic of hyperbolic curve over finite fields</i> <b>Kai-Rui Wang</b> , Yunnan University, China Cheng-Xi Wang, Beijing Normal University, China Xiao-Qin Liu, Yunnan University, China Qi Zheng, Yunnan University, China	SC03-11-02

- 16:40 - 17:00 *Minimum degree of the difference of two polynomials over  $\mathbb{Q}$ , and weighted plane trees* SC03-11-03  
**Fedor Pakovich**, Ben Gurion University, Israel  
 Alexander Zvonkin, Bordeaux University, France

## Poster Sessions

### Thursday, August 14

- 12:00 - 18:00** **Hall C1**
- *Fermat's last theorem and convex regular polytopes* P03-01  
**Aseem Bhagwat**, Indian Statistical Institute, India
- *A new elementary approach to Fermat's last theorem* P03-02  
**Aseem Bhagwat**, Indian Statistical Institute, India
- *Constacyclic codes over finite fields* P03-03  
**Madhu Raka**, Panjab University, Chandigarh, India
- *On a classical conjecture of Minkowski* P03-04  
**Leetika Kathuria**, Panjab University, Chandigarh, India  
 Madhu Raka, Panjab University, Chandigarh, India
- *On some characterizations of arithmetical functions* P03-05  
**Debashis Bhattacharjee**, North-Eastern Hill University, India
- *Was Pierre Fermat wrong?* P03-06  
**Albert Khabelashvili**, Member of the seminar on history of mathematics, Russia
- *The prime sextuplets are infinite* P03-07  
**Jiaji Qiu**, Beijing Tiantan Hospital, China  
 Runmin Qiu, Nanchang City, Jiangxi Province, China
- *Prime number has regular patterns* P03-08  
**Letian Ma**, Ciming health, China
- *Group sieve for sequence of exponential type* P03-09  
**Haoling Hou**, Sun Yat-sen University, China
- *Group sieve for sequences of iterative type* P03-10  
**Wenxiang Cai**, University of Waterloo, Canada
- *Monogeneity of totally real algebraic extension fields over a cyclotomic field* P03-11  
**Nadia Khan**, FAST National university peshawar campus, Pakistan  
 Shin-ichi Katayama, University of Tokushima, Japan  
 Toru Nakahara, FAST National university peshawar campus, Pakistan  
 Tsuyoshi Uehara, Saga University, Japan
- *On the fundamental units and a lower estimate of the class numbers of real quadratic fields* P03-12  
**Rabia Qureshi**, FAST National University of Computer and Emerging Sciences, Pakistan

- Toru Nakahara, FAST National University of Computer and Emerging Sciences, Pakistan  
 Syed Inayat Ali Shah, Islamia College University, Pakistan
- *Self-dual extended split group codes* P03-13  
**Lilibeth Valdez**, University of the Philippines, Philippines  
 Aldrin Ocampo, Far Eastern University, Philippines
- *A new identity which Ramanujan probably missed* P03-14  
**Susil Kumar Jena**, KIIT University, India
- *On Galois cohomology of reductive groups over global function fields and its applications* P03-15  
**Quoc Thang Nguyen**, Institute of Mathematics, Vietnam
- *Prime number generation and factor elimination* P03-16  
**Vineet Kumar**, Indian Institute of Technology, BHU, India
- *Ring extensions and primality* P03-17  
**Tony Ezome**, Université des Sciences et Techniques de Masuku (USTM), Gabon
- *An application of measure theory to the digital sum problems for certain code* P03-18  
**Tatsuya Okada**, Fukushima Medical University, Japan

## 4. Algebraic and Complex Geometry

### Schedule of Section 4

Room	Day2 8.14(Thu)	Day3 8.15(Fri)	Day4 8.16(Sat)	Day5 8.18(Mon)	Day6 8.19(Tue)	Day7 8.20(Wed)	Day8 8.21(Thu)
300			IL.4.4 IL.4.5 IL.4.6				
301AB	IL.4.1 IL.4.2 IL.4.3						
307ABC				IL.4.7 IL.4.8 IL.4.9 IL.4.10			
311AB			SC04-01 SC04-02 SC04-03		SC04-04 SC04-05 SC04-06 SC04-07	SC04-08 SC04-09 SC04-10	
Hall C1		P04					

IL: Invited Section Lectures, SC: Short Communications, P: Poster Sessions



## **Other Information**

## Congress Information

### Venue

COEX  
159 Samsung-dong, Gangnam-gu  
135-731 Seoul, Korea  
Phone: + 82-2-6000-0114  
Website: www.coex.co.kr

### Official Language

English

### Registration

- Location 3F Hall D1 Lobby
- Operating Hours
 

17:00-19:00	August 11 (Mon)
09:00-19:00	August 12 (Tue)
07:00-20:30	August 13 (Wed)
08:00-18:00	August 14 (Thu)-15 (Fri)
08:00-19:00	August 16 (Sat)
09:00-18:00	August 18 (Mon)-19 (Tue)
09:00-20:30	August 20 (Wed)
09:00-15:00	August 21 (Thu)

\*Please note that access to the Opening Ceremony on August 13 will only be granted to participants with a **passport (foreigner) and/or an Identification Card (Korean)** for security reasons. We strongly recommend participants to enter the Hall with minimum luggage for the sake of security clearance.

### Congress Souvenir

- Location 3F Hall D1 Lobby
- Types of Souvenir  
T-shirt, fan, umbrella, tumbler, three types of posters, commemorative stamps
- Service Hours
 

09:00-18:00	August 14 (Thu)-20 (Wed)
09:00-15:00	August 21 (Thu)
- \*Closed on August 17(Sun)

### Preview Room

Short Communications (Oral) Presenters are requested to confirm arrival and deliver the latest version of their presentation material stored in a USB, a CD-Rom and/or a DVD to the preview room at least 24 hours before their designated presentation session.

- Location 3F 314
- Operating Hours
 

14:00-18:00	August 12 (Tue)
08:30-18:00	August 13 (Wed)-20 (Wed)

### Invited Speakers' Room

Plenary Speakers, Invited Speakers and Invited Panels are requested to confirm arrival and deliver the latest version of their presentation material stored in a USB, a CD-Rom and/or a DVD to the Invited Speakers' Room at least 24 hours before their designated presentation session.

- Location 3F 315
- Operating Hours
 

14:00-18:00	August 12 (Tue)
08:30-18:00	August 13 (Wed)-20 (Wed)
08:30-12:00	August 21 (Thu)

### Lunch & Coffee

#### Complementary Lunch

A sandwich box will be provided for lunch from 11:20 to 12:30, August 13th, in Hall C2 and C3 (3F).

#### Paid Lunch

Participants may have lunch by using a coupon in hall C2 and C3 (3F) beginning on August 13th. Lunch coupons will be sold in the Hall D Lobby (3F).

- Service Hours for Lunch Coupon
 

10:00-17:00	August 13 (Wed)-19 (Tue)
-------------	--------------------------
- Service Hours for Lunch Distribution
 

12:30-14:00	August 13 (Wed)-19 (Tue)
-------------	--------------------------
- \* Closed on August 17(Sun).

#### Coffee

Service Hours	Location
15:45-16:40 August 13 (Wed)	Hall C2+3
9:50-10:20 / 15:45-16:40 August 14 (Thu)-19 (Tue)	Hall C2+3
15:45-16:40 August 20 (Wed)	Hall D1 Lobby 3F Conference Room
9:50-10:20 August 20 (Wed)-21 (Thu)	Hall D1 Lobby

### NANUM Reimbursement Room

- Location 3F 304(ICM)  
3F 305(KIAS)
  - Operating Hours
 

13:00-19:00	August 14 (Thu)-16 (Sat)
13:00-19:00	August 18 (Mon)-20 (Wed)
- NANUM is a Korean word meaning "gracious and unconditional sharing"

**NANUM Networking**

- Date
  - August 13 (Wed) Latin America
  - August 14 (Thu) Africa, Eastern European
  - August 15 (Fri) Asia
- Location 4F 403
- Time 17:00-18:30

**Media Center & Interview Room**

- Location 2F 203 (Media Center), 2F 205/206 (Interview Room)
- Operating Hours
  - 09:00-18:00 August 12 (Tue)-16 (Sat)
  - 09:00-18:00 August 18 (Mon)-21 (Thu)
- Closed on August 17(Sun)

**Internet Lounge**

- Location 3F Hall C1
- Service Hours
  - 13:00-18:00 August 13 (Wed)
  - 09:00-18:00 August 14 (Thu)-20 (Wed)
- Closed on August 17(Sun)
- Free Wi-fi : COEX Free Wi-Fi Zone

**Cloak Room**

- Service Hours
 

14:00-22:00 August 12 (Tue)	2F 208
09:00-19:00 August 13 (Wed)	2F 208A
09:00-19:00 August 14 (Thu)-20 (Wed)	3F Hall D1 Lobby Kit Distribution
09:00-17:00 August 21 (Thu)	2F 208

## Official & Social Events

**Welcome Reception**

- Location 1F Grand Ballroom
- Date & Time 18:00-21:00 August 12 (Tue)
- Fingerfoods and drinks will be served.

**Opening Ceremony**

- Location 3F Hall D
- Date & Time 09:00-11:35 August 13 (Wed)
- Please note that access to the Opening Ceremony on August 13 will only be granted to participants with a passport (foreigners) and/or an Identification Card (Korean) for security reasons. We strongly recommend participants to enter the Hall with minimum luggage for the sake of security clearance. Participants will be asked to be seated by 08:00.

**Childcare Service**

- Age 4-8 years old
- Location 2F 207A
- Operating Hours 09:00-18:00 August 12 (Tue)-21 (Thu)
- Daily Fees
  - Registration Fee (non-refundable) USD 50 / KRW 50,000 per household
  - Hourly Fee USD 15 / KRW 15,000 per hour and per child
- After 18:00, a late fee of USD 10 (or KRW 10,000) per child for every 10 minutes will be charged. Childcare Service Center closes at 19:00.

**Prayer Room**

- Location 3F Hall C1
- Service Hours
  - 13:00-18:00 August 13 (Wed)
  - 09:00-18:00 August 14 (Thu)-20 (Wed)
- Closed on August 17(Sun)

**First Aid**

- Location 3F 303
- Service Hours
  - 09:00-18:00 August 12 (Tue)-16 (Sat), August 18 (Mon)-20 (Wed)
  - 09:00-16:00 August 21 (Thu)
- Closed on August 17(Sun)

**Conference Dinner**

- Location 3F Hall D
- Date & Time 19:00-20:30 August 16 (Sat)
- Hosted by the Mayor of Seoul

**Closing Ceremony**

- Location 3F Hall D1
- Date & Time 15:00-16:30 August 21 (Thu)

## Cultural Events

**Public Lecture 1**

- Speaker James H. Simons
- Language English (Korean subtitle)
- Location 3F Hall D
- Date & Time 20:00-21:30 August 13 (Wed)

**Public Lecture 2**

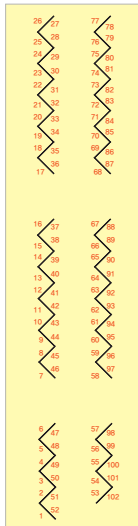
- Speaker Leelavati Prize Winner
- Language English (Korean subtitle)
- Location 3F Hall D1
- Date & Time 20:00-21:30 August 20 (Wed)

**Baduk Program**

- Public Baduk Lecture
  - Location 4F 401
  - Date & Time 15:00-16:40 August 19 (Tue)
- Public Baduk Event
  - Location 4F 401 Lobby
  - Date & Time 16:10-18:00 August 19 (Tue)
- Simultaneous games with professional Baduk players
  - Location 4F 403
  - Date & Time 16:00-18:00 August 19 (Tue)

**Math Movie Screening**

- Title How I Came to Hate Maths
- Location 3F Hall D1
- Date & Time 17:30-20:30 August 19 (Tue)



## Poster Sessions

For poster presenters, the organizing committee will provide a series of poster display boards. Posters should be affixed to the poster boards using double-sided adhesive tapes. It is recommended to bring your own stationeries in case of depletion of the prepared stationeries. There is no audio-visual equipment available for poster presentations.

- Location 3F Hall C1
- Date August 14 (Thu)-16 (Sat), August 18 (Mon)-19 (Tue)

• Schedule	
Mounting	11:00 - 12:00
Poster Display	12:00 - 18:00
Standing (Presenters)	16:00 - 17:00
Removal	18:00 - 19:00

• Our staff will guide you to the display area.

- Poster Code Lay-out ➡
- P(Section Code)-(Poster Code) ex) P01-01



## List of Exhibitors

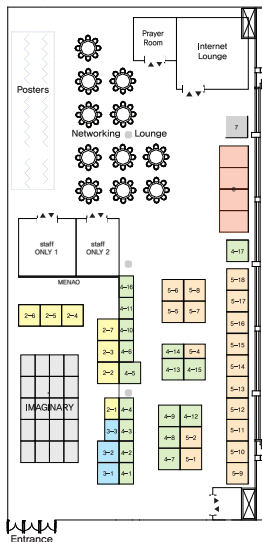
### Exhibition Information

- \* Place 3F Hall C1
- \* Schedule August 13 (Wed) 13:00 - 18:00  
August 14 (Thu) - 20 (Wed) 09:00 - 18:00
- \*No Exhibition on August 17 (Sun)

### Exhibitors

ZONE	EXHIBITOR	BOOTH No.
1. IMAGINARY	National Institute of Mathematical Sciences (NIMS) Mathematisches Forschungsinstitut Oberwolfach (MFO)	1
	Math Donga	2-1
2. Teaching Materials	MATH NOTE	2-2
	KyoWoSei KyoWo Media	2-3
	MAJFORMERS	2-4,5,8
	HEUNMU	2-7
3. Software	WOLFRAM RESEARCH	3-1
	CYBERNET SYSTEMS KOREA	3-2
	MATHSOFTWARE.ORG	3-3
4. Academic	KIAS	4-1
	IBS CENTER FOR GEOMETRY & PHYSICS	4-2
	EUROPEAN RESEARCH COUNCIL	4-3
	IMMATH - FIZ KARLSRUHE	4-4
	EUROPEAN MATHEMATICAL SOCIETY	4-5
	HEIDELBERG LAUREATE FORUM FOUNDATION	4-6
	AMERICAN MATHEMATICAL SOCIETY	4-7,8,9
	CRMP/SMP-CNRS	4-10
	LONDON MATHEMATICAL SOCIETY	4-11,16
	ICM2018	4-12
	INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICAL UNION	4-13
	MATHEMATICAL SOCIETY OF JAPAN	4-14
	"RESEARCH IN EUROPE" (DE, NL, ES, UK)	4-15
KOREAN MATHEMATICAL SOCIETY	4-17	
5. Publishing	OXFORD UNIVERSITY PRESS	5-1,2
	PROJECT EUCLID	5-4
	ELSEVIER	5-5,8
	CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY PRESS	5-7,8
	SPRINGER	5-9,10,11,12
	CRC PRESS/TAYLOR & FRANCIS	5-13,14,15
	SELUNGSAN PUBLISHERS	5-16
	KYUNGMOONSA CO.,LTD.	5-17,18
6. Korean Culture Experiencing	KOREA TOURISM ORGANIZATION	6
7. Souvenir	NATIONAL SOUVENIR CENTER	7

### Floor Plan



## Tour Programs

Participants are cordially invited to join optional tours in and around Seoul. Onsite reservation for tour programs can be made until 12:00 p.m. 3 days before the tour day in 3F Hall D Lobby (Tour Desk).  
\*Only extra seats will be sold.

No.	Tour Name	Date
<b>DMZ 1</b>	DMZ and War Museum Tour (08:00-17:00)	August 13,17,19,21
<b>DMZ 2</b>	DMZ afternoon Tour (12:00-18:30)	August 12,17,21,22
<b>HT 1</b>	Morning Palace Tour (09:00-13:30)	August 13,15,17,20
<b>HT 2</b>	World Cultural heritage Tour (12:00-18:00)	August 13,15,17,20
<b>HT 3</b>	Tower, Hanok village Tour (09:00-13:30)	August 14,17,18
<b>HT 4</b>	Afternoon Shopping & Palace Tour (12:00-17:30)	August 14,16,17
<b>HT 5</b>	Morning Museum Tour (09:00-13:30)	August 14,16,17
<b>FT 1</b>	Traditional attractions Tour (HT1+HT2) (09:00-18:00)	August 13,15,17,20
<b>FT 2</b>	Seoul's yesterday and today Tour (HT3+HT4) (09:00-17:30)	August 14,16,17
<b>FT 3</b>	Back to Ancient Korea (09:00-17:00)	August 15,17,19
<b>FT 4</b>	Top attractions of Seoul (09:00-19:00)	August 20-22
<b>ET 1</b>	Tackwondo Tour (09:00-13:30)	August 14,20
<b>ET 2</b>	Korean Mask making, Dongdaemun Tour (12:30-18:00)	August 12,17,21
<b>ET 3</b>	Temple Life of Korea (09:00-16:00)	August 17,19
<b>ET 4</b>	Kimchi Making, Hanbok wearing Tour (12:30-17:30)	August 16,18
<b>NT 1</b>	Dinner Buffet Cruise Tour (18:00-22:00)	August 12,16,17,20,21
<b>NT 2</b>	Into Korean's real life (18:00-22:00)	August 13-15,18,19
<b>FMT 1</b>	Everland Tour (09:00-18:00)	August 14,15,17,20
<b>FMT 2</b>	Korean Folk Village (09:00-15:00)	August 13,16,18,19,21

**Abbreviation Guide:** DMZ Tour (DMZ), Half Day Tour (HT), Full day Tour (FT), Experience Tour (ET), Night Tour (NT), Family Tour (FMT).

\* All tour programs are subject to cancellation if the minimum 20 persons is not met.



DMZ Tour

Half Day Tour

Family Tour

## Accommodations

### List of Hotels



#### [1] Grand Intercontinental Seoul Parnas

- Address: 521, Teheran-ro, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, Korea
- Phone: +82-2-555-5656
- Website: <https://www.grandicparnas.com/444/eng/index.do>

#### [2] Intercontinental Seoul COEX

- Address: 524, Bongeunsa-ro, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, Korea
- Phone: +82-2-3452-2500
- Website: [www.iccoex.com/eng/index.do](http://www.iccoex.com/eng/index.do)

#### [3] Oakwood Premier COEX Center Seoul

- Address: 46, Teheran-ro 87-gil, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, Korea
- Phone: +82-2-3466-7000
- Website: [www.oakwoodpremier.co.kr/?view=main&mode=hub\\_eng](http://www.oakwoodpremier.co.kr/?view=main&mode=hub_eng)

#### [4] Renaissance Seoul Hotel

- Address: 237, Teheran-ro, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, Korea
- Phone: +82-2-555-0501
- Website: [www.marriott.com/hotels/travel/seclrn-renaissance-seoul-hotel/](http://www.marriott.com/hotels/travel/seclrn-renaissance-seoul-hotel/)

#### [5] Lotte Hotel World

- Address: 240, Olympic-ro, Songpa-gu, Seoul, Korea
- Phone: +82-2-419-7000
- Website: [www.lottehotel.com/world/ko/](http://www.lottehotel.com/world/ko/)

#### [6] Imperial Palace Hotel

- Address: 248-7, Nonhyeon 2-dong, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, Korea
- Phone: +82-2-3440-8000
- Website: [www.imperialpalace.co.kr/eng/index.asp](http://www.imperialpalace.co.kr/eng/index.asp)

#### [7] Sheraton Grande Walkerhill Hotel

- Address: 177, Walkerhill-ro, Gwangjin-gu, Seoul, Korea
- Phone: +82-2-455-5000
- Website: [www.sheratonwalkerhill.co.kr/en/main.wh](http://www.sheratonwalkerhill.co.kr/en/main.wh)

#### [8] Novotel Ambassador Gangnam

- Address: 130, Bongeunsa-ro, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, Korea
- Phone: +82-2-567-1101
- Website: [novotel.ambataelen.com/gangnam/main.amb](http://www.novotel.ambataelen.com/gangnam/main.amb)

#### [9] JW Marriott Seoul

- Address: 19-3, Banpo 4-dong, Seocho-gu, Seoul, Korea
- Phone: +82-2-6282-6262
- Website: [www.jw-marriott.co.kr/eng/](http://www.jw-marriott.co.kr/eng/)

#### [10] Riviera Hotel

- Address: 737, Yeongdong-daero, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, Korea
- Phone: +82-2-541-3111
- Website: [www.hotelriviera.co.kr/eng/index.asp](http://www.hotelriviera.co.kr/eng/index.asp)

**[11] Mercure Seoul**

- Address: 10, Teheran-ro 25-gil, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, Korea
- Phone: +82-2-2050-6000
- Website: [www.mercureseoul.com/eng/main/main.asp](http://www.mercureseoul.com/eng/main/main.asp)

**[12] Ramada Seoul Hotel**

- Address: 410, Bongeunsa-ro, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, Korea
- Phone: +82-2-6202-2000
- Website: [www.ramadaseoul.co.kr/eng/default.asp](http://www.ramadaseoul.co.kr/eng/default.asp)

**[13] Elhvi Hotel**

- Address: 551, Dosan-daero, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, Korea
- Phone: +82-2-514-3535
- Website: [www.elhvi.com/english/main/main.asp](http://www.elhvi.com/english/main/main.asp)

**[14] Best Western Premier Gangnam**

- Address: 139, Bongeunsa-ro, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, Korea
- Phone: +82-2-6474-2000
- Website: [www.bestwesterngangnam.com/](http://www.bestwesterngangnam.com/)

**[15] Samjung Hotel**

- Address: 150, Bongeunsa-ro, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, Korea
- Phone: +82-2-557-1221
- Website: [www.samjunghotel.co.kr/eng/](http://www.samjunghotel.co.kr/eng/)

**[16] IBIS Ambassador Seoul**

- Address: 431, Samseong-ro, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, Korea
- Phone: +82-2-3454-1101

- Website: [ibis.ambatelen.com/seoul/main.amb](http://ibis.ambatelen.com/seoul/main.amb)

**[17] Casaville Samsung (Serviced Residence)**

- Address: 13, Teheran-ro 92-gil, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, Korea
- Phone: +82-2-539-9080
- Website: [www.casavillesamsung.co.kr/main/index.php](http://www.casavillesamsung.co.kr/main/index.php)

**[18] Gangnam Serviced Residence (Serviced Residence)**

- Address: 143, Bongeunsa-ro, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, Korea
- Phone: +82-2-6474-1515
- Website: [www.gangnamresidence.com/eng/](http://www.gangnamresidence.com/eng/)

**List of Dormitories****Soongsil University (Residence Hall)**

- Address: Sango-ro 369, Dongjak-gu, Seoul, Korea
- Location: Subway LINE 7 Soongsil Univ. Station
- Phone: +82-2-2621-0100/0200/0300/0400
- Website: [ssuadorm.ssu.ac.kr/](http://ssuadorm.ssu.ac.kr/)

**Konkuk University (KU:L House)**

- Address: 120 Neongdong-ro, Gwangjin-gu, Seoul, Korea
- Location: Subway LINE 2, 7 Konkuk Univ. Station
- Phone: +82-2-2024-5000
- Website: [kuhouse.konkuk.ac.kr/home/lan/eng/ie\\_index\\_01.asp](http://kuhouse.konkuk.ac.kr/home/lan/eng/ie_index_01.asp)

## Useful Information

**Useful Phone Numbers**

If you have any inquiry during the congress, please contact number below.

SERVICE	CONTACT NUMBER
COEX (Venue)	02-6000-0114
Intercontinental Seoul COEX Hotel	02-3452-2500
Grand Intercontinental Seoul Parnas Hotel	02-555-5656
Konkuk University (KU:L House)	010-7299-8825
Soongsil University (Residence Hall)	010-5478-0940
Police	112
Emergency Service (Fire and Ambulance)	119
International Call Operator (08:00-22:00)	00799
Tourist Information	1900

- \* From Abroad: Be sure to the drop 0 in front of area
- \* #:2: Country code

**Climate**

Korea has four distinct seasons- spring, summer, fall, and winter. The average temperature of Seoul in August is 28°C (82.4°F). Although the temperature may be high, there may be some rain, so you may need an umbrella or a rain jacket.

**Currency & Credit Cards**

The unit of Korean currency is South Korean Won (KRW). Korean monetary units are KRW10, KRW50, KRW100, and KRW500 coins, and KRW1,000, KRW5,000, KRW10,000 and KRW50,000 notes. For higher denominations, negotiable cashier's checks are used. Most credit cards (e.g. VISA, MasterCard, American Express and Diners Club) are widely accepted in Seoul.

**Language**

The official language of Korea is Korean. English is widely spoken in Seoul.

**Insurance and Liability**

The SEOUL ICM 2014 Organizing Committee will not be responsible for any medical expenses, accidents, or losses or unexpected property damages of congress participants either during or as a result of the congress or during any tours or events. Participants are strongly advised to arrange their own travel insurance for health and accidents, lost luggage, and trip cancellations.

**Time Difference**

Korea Standard Time is 9 hours ahead of Greenwich Mean Time (GMT +9). Korea does not observe daylight saving time.

**Business Hours**

Government offices are open from 9:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. on weekdays only. Bank hours are from 9:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. on weekdays and closed on weekends. Foreign diplomatic missions in Seoul are usually open from 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. on weekdays and closed on Saturdays, Sundays and their respective national holidays.

**Electricity**

The standard electricity supply is 220 volts AC at 60Hz. Some hotels may provide outlet converters for 110 volts. Visitors are advised to check with the hotel beforehand or bring a suitable adapter.

**Mobile Phone Rental**

Cellular phones can be rented from the Incheon or Gimpo International Airports. A passport and a credit card should be presented upon renting. Payments can be made with cash or a credit card upon returning of the device. Online reservation can also be made at [http://english.visitkorea.or.kr/enu/RE/RE\\_EN\\_1\\_2\\_4\\_1.jsp](http://english.visitkorea.or.kr/enu/RE/RE_EN_1_2_4_1.jsp)

**City Tour Bus (Gangnam Area)**

Gangnam, with 21 tourist attractions, can be toured by circulating city tour buses.  
Tel: +82-2-3448-5991  
Customer Center: 365 Days 10:00-20:00  
Website: <http://www.gangnamtour.go.kr/eng/cities/cities02.php>

## Transportation

The public transportation system in Seoul is very well-developed and systematically planned. Almost all commuters use buses, trains, or subways. When paying with a prepaid transportation card or a similar T-Money device, transfers between subways and buses do not charge an extra amount.

**T-Money Card** T-money is a prepaid transportation card in Korea that can be used for any public transportation.



- Card Deposit: KRW2,500
- Card Sales and Recharges: convenience stores, ticket vending machines and booths inside subway stations and vendor shops in street kiosks.

\*Foreign participants will receive a transportation card with KRW 5,000 charged, a gift from the Seoul Metropolitan Government.



### Subway

The Seoul subway system has 9 lines, and the minimum subway fee is KRW 1,050 (for 10km (6.2mi))

- Additional fees may be charged depending on the distance travelled.
- [www.seoulmetro.co.kr](http://www.seoulmetro.co.kr)

### Bus

Riding the bus in Seoul is very convenient. You can easily find bus stops on the street.

- Bus Fare: KRW 1,050 – KRW 1,150
- One fare with a prepaid card is good for up to 5 transfers in one trip (subway included)
- One must scan their T-Money card before exiting the bus as well, regardless of the need to transfer.
- [www.sbus.or.kr](http://www.sbus.or.kr)

### Taxi

Taxis can be fetched anywhere in Seoul. It is recommended passengers show printed maps or destination names in Korean to taxi drivers, since drivers may not understand English. Foreigners may also opt for an international taxi.

- Taxi Fare: from KRW 3,000
- Prices are more expensive from midnight to 4:00a.m.
- Black deluxe taxis are more expensive.
- [taxi.or.kr](http://taxi.or.kr)
- [www.intltaxi.co.kr](http://www.intltaxi.co.kr)

## Handy Smartphone Apps

### SEOUL ICM

The official mobile app "SEOUL ICM" for the SEOUL ICM 2014 is available. Manage schedules and to-do lists, view maps and do much more on your phone or any other Android or IOS devices.

More info, <https://guidebook.com/app/SEOULICM/>



### i Tour Seoul

Featured contents

- Comprehensive travel information
- Real tourist reviews

More info, [www.visitseoul.net/en/](http://www.visitseoul.net/en/)



### SeoulBus

Provides bus stop information of the Seoul metropolitan region and connected outlying areas (Incheon and Gyeonggi-do)



### Subway

Provides Korea's subway information, including timetables, transfer details, area guides and more



## 이 사례를 통해 하나 더 볼수 있는 것은

- 많은 양의 정보를 일정하게 양식에 맞게 빠른 시간으로 작업하려면  $\text{\TeX}$  만한 것이 없다.

## 이 사례를 통해 하나 더 볼수 있는 것은

- 많은 양의 정보를 일정하게 양식에 맞게 빠른 시간으로 작업하려면  $\text{T}_\text{E}\text{X}$  만한 것이 없다.
- $\text{T}_\text{E}\text{X}$ 으로도 충분히 장식이 많이 들어가는 조판도 가능하다.

## 이 사례를 통해 하나 더 볼수 있는 것은

- 많은 양의 정보를 일정하게 양식에 맞게 빠른 시간으로 작업하려면  $\text{T}_{\text{E}}\text{X}$  만한 것이 없다.
- $\text{T}_{\text{E}}\text{X}$ 으로도 충분히 장식이 많이 들어가는 조판도 가능하다.
- 표준화의 중요성. 편리함 vs 안정성

## 이 사례를 통해 하나 더 볼수 있는 것은

- 많은 양의 정보를 일정하게 양식에 맞게 빠른 시간으로 작업하려면  $\text{T}_{\text{E}}\text{X}$  만한 것이 없다.
- $\text{T}_{\text{E}}\text{X}$ 으로도 충분히 장식이 많이 들어가는 조판도 가능하다.
- 표준화의 중요성. 편리함 vs 안정성

감사합니다.